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BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1887.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XXI, NO 18
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL LI, NO 7

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SELECT STORY.

THE BOX IN THE CORNER.

It is some years since I was station-master, baggage-agent, telegraph-operator and ticket-seller at a little village near some valuable oil wells. The station-house was quite a distance from the unpretentious thoroughfare that had grown up in a day, and my duties were so arduous that I had scarcely leisure for a weekly flitting to a certain mansion on the hill where dwelt Ellen Morris, my promised wife. In fact, it was with the hope of lessening the distance between us that I had undertaken these quadruple duties.

The day had been gloomy, and toward the afternoon ominous rolls of thunder portended a storm.

Colonel Holloway, the well-known treasurer of the oil-company, had been in the village several days. About one o'clock he came hurriedly into the office with a package, which he laid upon my table, saying:

"Take care of that, Bowen, till to-morrow. I'm going up the road."

The commission was not an unusual one, and my safe was one of Marvin's best. I counted the money, which footed up into the thousands, placed it in the official evelope, affixed the seals, and deposited it in the safe. As I turned away from the lock, a voice at the door said:

"Say, mister, can you tell me the way to the post-office?"

A sort of shock went through me at the unexpected presence that seemed to have dropped down from nowhere, and I replied, irritably:

"You could not miss it if you tried. Keep straight ahead."

Soon large drops of rain came down then faster and more furiously, until the air was one vast sheet of water, and little rivers leaped madly along the gullies and culverts. Forked lightning kept pace with the pealing thunder, and heaven's own artillery seemed let loose. Anything more dismal or dreary could not well be imagined, and gradually the loneliness grew oppressive. Every straggler had fled to shelter, and the usual idlers had deserted the platform. But I resolutely set to work at the dry statistics of the station-books, with an occasional call to the wires, which were ticking like mad, so fierce was the electric current.

It was near five o'clock when a long freight train came lumbering by, switched off a car or two, then dragged its slow length onward. This created a brief diversion, then once more I was deserted.

The next passenger train was not due till ten o'clock. I lit the lamps and resigned myself with questionable patience to the intervening hours. An agreeable interruption came in the form of my supper, which was brought in a water-proof basket by a sort of jack-at-all trades whom we called Jake. Shaking himself like a great dog, he "'lowed there wa'n't much more water left up yonder nohow."

"I hope not, indeed," I said, glad of the sound of a human voice. "Jake!" I called, as he left the office, "come back as soon as you can—I may want you."

I had a vague idea of dispatching some sort of report to Ellen that I had not been entirely washed away, and obtaining similar comfort as to her own fate. I little thought I should really need him.

I think I am not by nature more timid than other men, but as the dismal evening closed in I took from my desk two revolvers kept ready for possible emergencies, and laid one upon the desk where I was making freight entries, and the other on the table where the electric battery stood. At intervals a fresh package for the night express was brought by some dripping carrier, who deposited it, got his receipt, hung about for a few moments, then hastened away to more comfortable quarters.

Still the rain poured in torrents. It must have been nearly nine o'clock when a wagon, hurriedly driven, suddenly stopped at the platform. In a moment the door was flung open, and I saw a small ambulance well known about the village. Two men sprang out, and, with the aid of the driver and his assistant, proceeded to lift out a box which from its dimensions could contain only one kind of freight, to-wit, the remains of a human being.

Carefully placing the box in a remote corner of the room, near other boxes awaiting transportation, the driver and his man returned to their wagon, while the two strangers approached the desk to enter their ghastly freight. They wore slouched hats and were very wet. They produced a death certificate of one John Slate, who had died at a farmhouse several miles away, of a non-contagious complaint, and was to be shipped to friends down the road. This was all. There was nothing singular about it, and yet, when the door closed upon the strangers and I was again alone, or worse than alone, a feeling of awe came over me. Clearly the storm had somewhat unstrung me.

Only one hour till the train was due, after which I could turn in for the night.

A louder peal of thunder shook the house, and fiercer flashed the lightning. Minute after minute went by, and each seemed an age. The roar and din of the elements only deepened the gloom inside, where the uncertain kerosene darkened the shadows.

Suddenly, to my overstrained nerves, the ceaseless clicking of the wires seemed to say: "Watch the box! Watch the box! Watch the box!" As a particular strain of melody will at times repeat itself in the mind, and obstinately keep time to every movement, till one is well nigh distracted, so this refrain began to enchain every sense: "Watch the box! Watch the box! Watch the box!" Till now my depressed spirits were due only to the solitude and the storm. No suspicion of evil or danger had tormented me.

Peering more closely into the dingy corner I saw only the ordinary pine box, with what seemed to be a square paper or placard, on the side facing me. Probably the address, bunglingly adjusted on the side instead of the top, or else a stain of mud from the late rough ride. At all events, I was not curious enough to approach more nearly the ghostly visitant.

Then minutes had crept by, when a muffled noise in the dark corner distinctly sounded above the pelting rain drops, while as if to mock at my quickened fears, the wires continued their monotonous warning: "Watch the box! Watch the box! Watch the box!" I did watch the box, and as by inspiration I grasped the situation. There was indeed a man in the box, but not a dead one. A living man, who had boldly lent himself to a plot to rob or murder me, perhaps both.

I remembered the straggler who had surprised me while at the safe, several hours before. He had doubtless followed Colonel Holloway and witnessed the money transaction. Quick and fast flew my thoughts in the startled endeavor to grasp some plan of action. Single-handed I was no match for any man, having recently recovered from an attack of malarial fever. This one in the box (if indeed there was one) must mean to secure his prize before the train was due, and escape the consequences. He must have accomplices, and these were doubtless on watch, waiting either to give or to receive a signal. At least it was not probable that he would undertake the job alone, and the fact that he had confederates had already appeared.

Perhaps the sight of my pistols had delayed the attack. Perhaps some part of their plan had miscarried and caused delay. At all events I must be cool. I fancied I saw his eyes through the dark patch on the box. I was almost sure he was slowly lifting the lid. There was no help near, and much might be done in the time still to elapse before the train was due.

Quietly walking to the battery, I feigned to take a message. In reality I sent one to the conductor of the oncoming express, as the only device whereby I could secure assistance, and this would doubtless be too late. Yet it was all that I could do just now.

With every sense on the alert, I arose to secrete my keys if possible, when the door burst open, and Frank Morris, my future brother-in-law, rushed in, followed by a huge dog that was Ellen's special pet and attendant.

"Confound you!" said Frank, sputtering about, and shaking himself as vigorously as the dog. "I'll be blowed if ever I go on such another fool's errand as this."

"Why, you are pretty well blowed, now," I said, with a poor attempt to be funny, but immensely relieved. "I never was so glad to see anybody in my life!" and I meant it.

"There it is," he said; "make much of it," as he cleverly flipped a little white missive over to me. "Such billing and cooing I never want to see again. Regular spoons, by Jove! Can't go to sleep till she knows you haven't been melted, or washed away, or something. And Cato must come along to see that her precious brother doesn't get lost. Ugh! Lie down, over there, old fellow!" Then to me he said: "Here, help me out of this wet thing."

But I was engrossed, just then, and ridding himself of the offending garment, the broad-shouldered young athlete strode about in mock impatience.

"Heavens! what a night!" he exclaimed. "What time does your train pass? Ten? Just three minutes. I guess I'll stay; but we'll have that young damsel floating down here if she doesn't hear pretty soon. Hello, Cato! What's the matter?" as the dog gave a low growl. "What's that in the corner, Bowen?"

The dog continued to growl and look suspiciously about as the young fellow rattled on.

"That," I said "is a dead man."

"Humph!" he laughed. "Jolly good company for such a night. I say, Bowen, you've got a nice toy there," and he took up the pistol that lay on the table. Meanwhile I had scrawled on a piece of paper, which I quietly placed near the pistol. "The man in the box is a burglar. Be ready for an attack."

"Ohio! that's the game!" he said, aloud, and instantly strode across the room, as Cato sprang up and barked furiously at the box. Simultaneously the top of the box flew up, and uttering a shrill whistle the man sprang to a sitting posture, while through the wide flung door the other two ruffians appeared with pistols cocked. At once there began a deadly struggle. The dog had leaped upon the box and knocked the "dead" man's pistol out of his hand, as Frank shouted, "Tsho, Cato!" unwilling that the dog should tear him to pieces, but wishing to keep him at bay.

"Your keys!" yelled the other men; "or by heavens you'll drop!"

Instantly closing in, man to man, the fierce struggle went on amid shouts, curses and pistol shots.

"Call off your cursed dog!" screamed the "dead" man continually.

The encounter, which had occupied scarcely a minute, was at its deadliest, both Frank and I endeavoring to disarm rather than kill, when the whistle of the train sounded and in another moment the conductor and his men were among us.

"Seize that scoundrel!" shouted Frank, breathlessly, indicating the man in the box. "Here, Cato!" and the obedient animal unwillingly retired, but continued his savage growls.

At this juncture my man fell heavily to the floor, wounded in the leg, and uttering groans and imprecations. It was quick work to secure the men, and Jake, who opportunely reappeared, was sent to summon the village police. Some of the passengers, impatient at the delay, had got wind of the adventure, and now crowded into the station in no little excitement. The box was found to have a false side piece, next the wall, which was easily pushed down by the man inside, for greater comfort in his cramped position; and there were beside a number of air holes. It was the moving of this side-panel that caused the muffled noise I had heard.

I was questioned in all possible ways, and the curiosity of the passengers was fully gratified amid the clamor of the prisoners who continually swore at each other.

"What did you wait so long for?" said one of them glaring at the "dead" man.

"What was your hurry?" retorted the other, sarcastically.

It was plain from the quarrel which ensued that the sight of my pistols, and my evident uneasiness, together with the effect of the fearful storm, had unsettled the fellow's plan and robbed him of his presence of mind. While puzzling as to the safest course, the sudden entrance of Frank and the dog had precipitated the catastrophe.

The men were conducted to the County Jail, and I was the hero of the hour, although I could not claim much credit for personal valor in the matter.

Was it fate or Providence that befriended me? But for my presentiment, or whatever it was, I should have urged Frank's immediate return to my anxious betrothed. But for her loving anxiety he never would have come down on such a night. But for the dog one of us must have been killed. And first of all, but for the instinctive sense of danger the telegraph wires would never have spoken a warning to my excited fancy; and this manifest feeling of apprehension, though I strove hard to conceal it, held the man in the box at bay.

The practical result of the episode was a more commodious station-house, and more men on duty. My salary was raised; but eventually I gave up the situation because my wife could never feel satisfied to have me perform night work after the fearful experience I have related.

As to Frank, he is not backward with explosive English whenever the subject is mentioned, and no amount of persuasion could ever reconcile Cato to the old station-house.—*Frank Leslie's.*

A Prairie of Pitch.

INTERESTING DESCRIPTION OF THE WONDERFUL ASPHALT LAKE OF VENEZUELA.

I have just returned from a trip to the so-called "Pitch Lake," writes a correspondent from Port of Spain, Trinidad, to the Philadelphia *Inquirer*. Running south down the Parian Gulf to La Brea, some forty miles distant from this port, we there disembarked, and, climbing a gentle ascent of 140 feet, we found the lake, a little more than a mile inland. Strictly speaking, there is no lake, in the common acceptance of the term, but a level plain, composed of a concrete, though flexible, mass of pitch, covering an area of perhaps one hundred acres.

Bushes, patches of vegetation and occasional pools of brackish water diversify the surface here and there, giving it the appearance of a mud-swamp. There is no difficulty in walking or wading from one end to the other, for with the sole exception of several places where the pitch is in a state of ebullition in a soft and viscid consistency the "lake" is semi-solid. On it I found chestnut-colored men and women digging out large clods of the asphalt with ax and shovel and loading it upon donkey-carts.

Each lump of the asphalt exhibited small cavities, and we were informed by the diggers that they never dig deep enough to find the pitch at all softened. The roughened surface of the pits is exposed to the tropical sun, and within a few days the cavities are full again. From 30,000 to 40,000 tons of the asphalt are dug out every year, each cubic foot of the pitch weighing on an average 60 pounds. It is estimated that there are in the deposit not less than 10,000,000,000 pounds, which, at the present rate of digging, should last fully 8,000 years. This is on the basis that it lies four feet deep, but as it actually lies much deeper, and as there is more or less of it elsewhere, it is practically inexhaustible. The lake is a dead sea, and deserves the name quite as much as did the Lacus Asphaltites of Palestine in ancient times. This, however, is a more remarkable deposit—the most remarkable in the world—more so than the asphalt stone of Switzerland and Germany. For many scientific reasons it is superior to the latter, and is proving an able substitute for it. For what purpose, do you ask? For pavements, of course. It is a Yankee idea of European parentage, and not a bad idea by any means. It is a strangely interesting history that has to do with the matter. It may be of interest to relate the story of asphalt. In 1711 Elriniua, a German physician, discovered and first utilized the asphalt of the Val de Travers, near Neufchatel, and ten years later published his discovery. In 1849 the material was made use of for paving, and in 1854 the first asphalt pave was laid in the Rue Bergere, Paris. The result was satisfactory, and to-day there are in the French capital hardly less than 1,000,000 square yards of compressed asphalt paves and 5,000,000 yards of asphalt mastic sidewalk. London also has it, and so have other European cities.

Mighty Close Call.

A TRAVELING MAN'S NARROW ESCAPE FROM SUDDEN DESTRUCTION.

They were swapping experiences in the smoker, of the narrow escapes they had from death on the rail.

"You remember, don't you, when they were having such a succession of awful accidents down in New England a few years ago?" asked the lugubrious passenger.

They remembered it, certainly.

"Well, sir, it was just my infernal luck to strike one of those doomed trains. It was in the dusk of evening that the locomotive left the rails—as it happened, at a point where we were close to an iron bridge, across a small stream, that flowed at least forty feet below. My seat, all the way from Boston, was in the saloon end of the drawing-room car. As we left the track, plunging along at full forty miles an hour, the saloon end of the drawing-room car was hurled with such violence against the iron girders of the bridge as to crush it in, instantly killing the unfortunate person who occupied my seat."

"The occupant of *your* seat killed?"

"Yes, it so happened that I had left the train at the last station before, and the old lady who took my seat was plunged headlong into eternity."—*Drake's Traveler's Magazine.*

General Roger A. Pryor went to New York soon after the war without a dollar, and with no introduction save his reputation as a soldier in the lost cause. He acquired almost immediately a good practice, which has steadily grown, until it now brings him $20,000 a year.

Baker County, Oregon, is larger than any New England state.

Mercantile Appraiser.

The following Act has been passed and approved by the Governor, April 20th, 1887, in reference to the appointment of the Appraiser of Mercantile and other licenses, and requiring the publication of the same: we give it in full.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the county commissioners of the respective counties are hereby authorized and required to publish the mercantile appraiser's list of names and classifications of each person subject to license, in three papers of general circulation in each county of the Commonwealth, one of which shall represent the minority party of the two principal parties of the county, and one of which may be a German or Welsh paper. *Provided, however,* That such list shall not be published in more than two papers in any county should the county commissioners desire to limit such publication to that number. *And provided further,* That the Auditor General and city treasurer shall direct that said list and classification shall be published in four newspapers in cities of the first class.

SECTION 2. The Auditor General is hereby authorized and empowered to pay the respective newspapers for the publication of said mercantile appraiser's list, the usual rates of advertising charged by the same to private customers, and not exceeding thirty cents per line for four insertions. *Provided,* That in no case shall the amount paid for advertising in any city or county exceed ten per centum of the amount received by the treasury of the State from said city or county during the preceding year from the class of taxes to advertised, and all bills shall be certified to the county treasurers of the respective counties by the appraiser; and the county treasurers are hereby authorized to pay the same upon said bills being receipted by the respective publishers in proper form, and upon approval by the Auditor General they shall be entitled to receive credit for the amount so paid in the settlement of their accounts for licenses with the Commonwealth.

SECTION 3. The appointment of mercantile appraisers shall be made annually by the county commissioners, except in cities of the first class where the Auditor General and the treasurer of the city are authorized and required to appoint five suitably qualified citizens, all of whom shall not be of the same political party, and the term of office of said appraisers shall be for three years. The accounts for advertising mercantile lists and all other State accounts shall be audited by the Auditor General.

SECTION 4. There shall be no pay for advertising nor fee to any appraiser for fictitious names or the names of persons not residing at the place designated.

SECTION 5. All acts or parts of acts now in force in reference to the publication of mercantile, liquor and other licenses, except as hereinbefore provided, shall continue to be and remain in full force and virtue.

A Turpentine Farm.

WHAT IT IS AND HOW IT IS CARRIED ON—GRADES OF TURPENTINE.

A turpentine farm in southeast Georgia consists of from five to forty crops of 10,000 boxes each. The work is sometimes carried on by the owners of the pine forests themselves; again the trees are leased out for a certain number of years, two or three being about the limit. Negro labor is principally employed in this section. The work commences in November, when the boxing of the trees begins. The boxes, which are cut sloping back into the trees about a foot from the ground, measure three inches back at bottom, four deep and about seventeen in length. In March they are cornered; that is, a chip is taken off on both sides just above the ends of the boxes. Next the faces for dripping are cut V-shaped between and above the places chipped. The number of faces on each tree depends upon its size, varying from one to three. Besides the original cutting of the faces, the trees are hacked once a week during the dripping season with a peculiarly shaped knife suitable to the purpose. The hacking increases the length of the faces, as one or two inches of bark are taken off above each time. The dipping of the crude into barrels begins about the middle of March, and the boxes are emptied seven or eight times during the season. They hold from one to two quarts each, and from 10,000 boxes 210 barrels is considered a fair, 250 a fine yield. The first year's dripping is called "virgin," the second "yearlings," and all after "old stuff." From eight barrels of crude they get two of spirits of turpentine, and five to five and a half of resin. Of the latter there are several grades; W. W., "water-white;" W. G., "window-glass;" M, next higher and so on up the alphabet, but down in quantity to A, the letter J being omitted. The first drippings, if not scorched in boiling, make beautifully white, transparent resin; hence the name "water-white." The crude producing this can never be obtained from the trees after the first month's running; that for W. G., "window glass," possibly into July or August.

Good Things that Don't Get In.

W. S. Gilbert, the composer, is good at repartee. One of the best of his repartees was hurled at Mr. F. C. Burnand, the editor of Punch. They were at a press dinner in London, and Burnand was responding to a toast. Gilbert who sat at the other end of the table kept talking while Burnand was speaking, and attracted the attention of a number of guests who were intent on what he was saying. Burnand was considerably annoyed, and finally said:

"Gilbert, what are you relating down there; some of the good things you send to Punch that don't get in?"

This thrust put the laugh on Gilbert, but he instantly retorted:

"Well, Burnand, I don't know who sends the good things to Punch, but they evidently do not get in.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

John Gomez, a Portuguese, has lived over fifty years among the 10,000 islands off the coast of Florida. He is one hundred and one years old.

Bric-a-Brac Burglars.

CURIO COLLECTORS WHO STEAL RARE WORKS OF ART.

From the New York Times.

"We have to keep our eyes open to prevent our stock from being carried off," said a Broadway bric-a-brac dealer the other day. "You have no idea what really respectable men and women are tempted to steal a valuable piece of porcelain or a curio or a rare coin when it is put so conveniently before them as the things are in this store. We display everything very freely, but there is always one of the employes idling around in an unconcerned sort of way who looks out for our interests."

"Are your customers ever tempted to pocket your wares?" he was asked.

"Well, now and then we have a case of that kind, but of course nothing can be done, and unless the article has some special artistic value we say nothing about it, for we should lose a good deal of custom if we did not overlook the eccentricities of the kleptomaniacs. The collectors are the worse kind we have to deal with. You see that old man over there," pointing in the direction of a very respectable old gentleman with white hair and a queer dried up face and clothed in a long and seedy ulster. He was shuffling along from one shelf to another, examining everything furtively with his sharp, little, ferret like eyes.

"That man," said the dealer, "has one of the finest porcelain collections in this city. He used to be rich, but now I guess he has to bustle to get his three meals a day properly. When he was well off I thought nothing of selling him $1,000 worth of goods every month, but he hasn't spent a cent here in years, and I have to watch the old chap half the time to see that he doesn't walk off with my best things, for there isn't a better judge of the value of a work of art than he in America."

At the Astor and Mercantile libraries numerous tricks and devices are used by unscrupulous collectors of prints to get possession of some rare picture or edition. They either cut the desired illustration out of the book, thus ruining it forever, or take the work away with them when they go, substituting another volume already prepared in its place. Since print collecting has come to be so popular some elegant works belonging to the New York libraries have been ruthlessly destroyed and very often stolen. The only way to put a stop to these depredations is to keep a constant watch, and even then so tricky are the thieves and so fertile of device that they carry on their practices beneath the very eyes of the librarians.

It was only a few weeks ago that a magnificent quarto was destroyed in a library by one of these vandals, armed with a sharp knife and a strong artistic desire to capture a rare print at the expense of his principles of honor. Artistic thieves are sometimes of very respectable families, which the following incident, well-known to most New York artists and Bohemians, will illustrate:

A gentleman living in West Forty-second street owned among other paintings a real Rembrandt which he had purchased in Europe at a good round price, and which was a very fair specimen of that artist's work. The other pictures were all light works by American painters, but this picture, on account of its value, occupied a room by itself, and its owner was very proud of his possession. When hard times struck that family and the collector was compelled to hand every thing over to the auctioneer it was then discovered that the Rembrandt, that much treasured painting to which all Murray Hill had bowed in reverence, was nothing but a clever forgery.

The gentleman who had owned it so many years, and who considered himself no mean judge of art, was dumbfounded and would not believe it. An investigation proved that the canvas on which the picture was painted had the stamp of a New York firm on it, and that a drying varnish had been mixed with the paint that was invented only twenty years ago. The fact that the picture was bogus was definitely settled by the arrival in town of a wealthy Brazilian who said he had purchased in Europe the original of the painting, and that all the critics in London and Paris had combined in saying that he had a genuine Rembrandt.

Detectives were finally set to work to ferret out the mystery and soon made everything clear. The son of the American collector, who was a wild and dissipated young man, had taken an artist friend into his confidence and together they plotted to exchange the genuine picture for a copy. The friend worked on the copy at night and soon produced a fair imitation, while the son with the real picture went to Europe and there succeeded in selling it to the Brazilian.

In Philadelphia another great picture was spirited away for a long while by much the same means and not returned until the whe

The Columbian.

O. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1887.

The new Inter-State Commerce law does not seem to work smoothly as yet, and the Inter-State Railroad Commissioners have their hands full. It appears to press unduly on certain branches of commerce, but the difficulties may well be left to the Commissioners to settle. The best of human legislation is capable of modification.

The editors and proprietors of Sunday *Grit*, Williamsport, have been sued for libel by a Bellefonte gentleman. The article was a sensational one reflecting on the character of certain citizens of that place. They were held in $1,000 bail each. Their cases came up before Judge Furst at Bellefonte on Tuesday of last week. They plead guilty, and on Wednesday morning, Mr. Rianhard was sentenced to six months in the county jail and pay a fine of $1,000 and costs. Mr. Lamade, the business manager, was placed under $5,000 bail for his appearance at the June term of court in Bellefonte.

Democratic State Chairman Dallas Sanders has issued the following call:

A meeting of the State committee, pursuant to adjournment, will be held at Harrisburg on Wednesday, May 11, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Bolton House, to fix the time of meeting of the next State Convention, to act on the report of the committee recommending a uniform plan for making Senatorial and Congressional nominations to receive the reports of the county organizations and to transact such other business as may be brought before the committee. If you cannot possibly come please ask the chairman of your county committee to attend.

Nebraska has furnished an illustration of the practical value of Arbor day. In that State of great prairies on the first of its Arbor days, fifteen years ago 12,000,000 shoots were planted; now the United States Forestry Commission reports that there are fine groves growing 300 miles west of the Mississippi, and that 605,000,000 trees are thriving where a few years ago none could be seen save along the streams. The observance of tree planting is a sort of education to many children, who thus learn the names and characteristics of trees; and above all, it has an economic importance in clothing waste places with valuable timber. There's no doubt about it, Arbor day is a good institution.—*Ex.*

The sensationalist who started the story that President Cleveland had decided to decline a renomination next year, has done a good service for both the President and the country. He precipitated a general discussion of the question of Cleveland's re-election in every State and Territory of the Union, and that discussion developed every special element of strength and weakness of the administration. It also led to a very free discussion of the business situation under President Cleveland and the general faith in his conservative policy. It was a sudden taking account of political stock, so to speak, of both parties and all prominent candidates, in which Cleveland figures greatly to the advantage of both himself and his party.—*Times.*

Superintendent Grimes.

The reelection of J. S. Grimes to the office of county superintendent on Tuesday afternoon by the school directors of Columbia county gives general satisfaction to the public. It was a well deserved mark of confidence and esteem in and for the character and qualifications of a faithful and hard working official. Mr. Grimes has raised the standard of teachers and schools during the past six years and he is better qualified to carry on the good work now than ever before. We congratulate him upon his success, and we commend his wisdom in not allowing himself to be drawn into a personal newspaper campaign during the progress of the canvass.

An Elastic Law.

If for no other reason than to assure some uniformity in the construction of the law, the bill to regulate the granting of licenses now pending in the legislature, or some similar measure, should have a place on the statute books. The law now in force has always been open to many constructions, but never before this spring have the courts taken so many different views of what it prescribes.

In Huntingdon county, for instance, the associate judges construed the law to give them the authority to refuse every application for license if they chose, no matter what the desires of the community might be in the matter and they consequently overruled Judge Furst, the president judge's opinion that certain licenses must be granted under the law and threw all license applications out of court, creating practically a prohibition county. Judge White, of the Indiana district, also construes the law according to the dictates of his conscience, as he puts it, and will grant no licenses this spring.

In many other districts the judges use the law on the local option principle, and grant license if a majority of the people seem to desire licenses by signing applications. If a majority remonstrate against license then none are granted. In Lycoming county Judge Cummin inquires simply whether the applicant has complied with the law and if he has his license is granted, irrespective of signers for or against it. A majority of the judges recognize the names of women on remonstrances as of legal force, while others will pay no attention to the signatures of women, declaring that if they are recognized it is practically a recognition of female suffrage, which has no existence under the laws of this state.

In the Luzerne district Judge Woodward grants every license that is applied for, against which no remonstrance is made, holding that the law gives him no option in the matter. That is the view taken of it by Judge Bucher, of the Mifflin district, and he does not permit himself to be influenced by remonstrances or the moral phase of the liquor question. He grants the license of every applicant who complies with the law.

With so much difference of opinion as to the meaning of the old license law great confusion has crept into the various judicial districts in applying the excise measure. There surely should be an improvement somewhere in the law governing so important a factor in the political and social condition of the state as the liquor traffic.

A Defender of the Homestead.

President Cleveland, in his recent letter of instruction to the Secretary of the Interior, serves notice on the land grant corporations that although they may want the earth and the fatness thereof, they shall have in future no more of it than they are legally entitled to. In other words, land enough for five or six Commonwealths the size of Pennsylvania will not be longer withdrawn from settlement because two or three railway corporations think they may in future be entitled to a small fraction of it under the terms of their original grants.

The case which called out this significant letter was one of peculiar hardship. A settler named Guilford Miller took up a homestead and proceeded to improve it, the land being fifty miles from the line of the Northern Pacific Road. The grant to the road extended only forty miles on either side and Miller very naturally supposed he was outside of the limits of any possible railway claims. But the Northern Pacific officials induced the government to withdraw from settlement another belt twenty miles in width, from which they might, when they got good and ready, select land enough to make up any deficiency caused by settlements in the forty mile grant prior to the act of Congress ceding it to the company. Miller's farm was in this twenty mile belt and the railway company demanded that his homestead entry should be canceled. Commissioner Sparks decided in favor of Miller. An appeal was taken and Attorney General Garland sustained the claim of the railway. President Cleveland at this point thrusts in his oar and not only orders Secretary Lamar to sustain Miller in the possession of his homestead, but gives notice that the practice of withholding millions of acres of these so-called indemnity lands from settlement must be abandoned.

In plain English this means that in future homestead settlers are to have some rights which land grant railroads must respect. This is President Cleveland's position, and as he has a good deal of influence with this administration it may be taken for granted that his views will be carried out during the nearly two years he will remain in office. It was high time a reform in the Land Office was inaugurated. Nearly two years ago so notable a Republican as Elihu B. Washburne declared that it had been for the last fifteen or twenty years the most corrupt department that ever existed in any government on the face of the earth. The lands are needed for actual settlers and there is no sense in holding them indefinately away from the public just to allow the railways, at their leisure, to select the choicest of them.—*Times.*

The Approach of Cholera.

The report that cholera had broken out at Guaymas and Mazatlan, on the eastern shore of the Gulf of California, is ostentatiously denied by Mexican officials, and if the denial is not denied in a day or two it may be taken for granted that present danger from this source is not to be apprehended. There is nothing improbable in the appearance of cholera on the west coast of Mexico. It is raging in Bolivia, Southwestern Brazil and Chili. Columbia has established a strict quarantine against vessels coming from Chili, and it would be quite possible for the disease to be carried by Panama and appear on the western coast of Mexico in advance of its appearance in Central America.

The cities of Mazatlan and Guaymas are plague spots and especially liable to an outbreak of this fatal epidemic. Guaymas is about three hundred miles south of the northern line of Mexico and is connected with Nogales, Arizona, by the Sonora Railroad. It is a small city with a harbor nearly land-locked, is very hot and without any drainage. It communicates by steamers and other vessels with the Pacific ports of Central and South America. Mazatlan lies four hundred and fifty miles farther to the south than Guaymas. It is hardly ever free from yellow fever and other epedemic diseases and seems to have no sanitary regulations at all. If cholera were brought to either of these ports it would be almost certain of distribution by rail and otherwise to California, Arizona, Utah and New Mexico. In view of these possibilities it will be the part of wisdom to take the denials of the existence of the disease at these cities by interested Mexican officials with some margin of allowance and establish a rigid quarantine against them until the truth or falsity of the report be established beyond dispute

And while they are about it the United States health officials, as well as the municipal quarantine authorities at all our Atlantic and Gulf ports, should be very vigilant during the remainder of the present season. Cholera has crossed the Atlantic, and it is much more easily distributed by land and short water routes than across the main ocean. It can only be kept at bay by the most rigid and effective quarantine regulations. It is not worth while to get in a panic because cholera is raging in South America, but it is worth while to guard against any occasion for a panic by leaving no stone unturned to prevent its importation into the seaport and inland cities of the United States.—*Times.*

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 2nd, 1887.

The beautiful Capital of the United States is beginning to bloom now and in one week more it will be in all its glory of vernal attire. It is well that it does, for a good representation of the Nation will be here during the next few weeks, and the city wants to look its loveliest. The streets are being swept, the lawns trimmed, the fountains sparkle in the sunshine, and the parterres begin to blaze with nature's brightest hues.

Washington will be nothing if not lively during the month of May. The Grand Encampment of the Salvation Army opened the din on the 1st. Then Patti took up the strain with admission fee to the Grand Stand ranging from ten dollars upward. Almost simultaneously the flyers of the Jockey Club and Forepaugh's Circus will make no end to home runs at the race track and athletic park respectively, and about the time these rackets weary an entertainment will be in order, which, fortunately for pockets, is free to all.

This will be the dedication of the Garfield statue by the Army of the Cumberland, with procession, music, and an oration by the late Speaker Keifer, who by special permission of the High Custodian of political corpses has been resussitated for this occasion only, for a period not to exceed twenty minutes. Then there will be side shows in abundance, League championship games, conventions, reunions, a visit from the Queen of the Sandwich Islands and from a hundred to two thousand American sovereigns, and then will come the crowning event of the season, the long expected National Drill, lasting for more than a week and culminating in a grand final pageant on Decoration day.

The work of fencing in the Drill field is going on and everything will be in readiness in due time. The enclosure is 1,050 feet in diameter, and the grand stand will be so arranged as to enable spectators to see the entire field and all the performances. For the camp, 750 tents have been engaged and some of the visiting companies will bring their own tents. At one extremity of the Drill ground a panorama of the famous battle between the Merrimac and Monitor in Hampton Roads will be erected, which will be a very realistic exhibition of this encounter. It will be in full view of the grand stand, and will form one of the attractions each night.

General Augur has been appointed to the command of the National Drill camp. He is a fine, soldierly looking officer, who lives quietly with his family in Georgetown. It was expected that a man of national reputation would be appointed to this position, for the reason that it is a national affair, crowds of American citizens are coming from all parts of the country, and it was supposed that all the arrangements would be as national as possible in character. Still it was no easy matter to find just such a commandant who had sufficient leisure to give the matter the necessary attention at this time. Gen. Auger being on the retired list, can devote himself exclusively to his duties, and it is thought, will prove satisfactory in other ways. He was very much gratified by the honor conferred upon him. At present it seems as if all that will be necessary to make the event successful in every particular is that those who furnish the weather for us will suppress everything akin to the beastly article that was inflicted here at the same time last year.

The Garfield statue which is to be unveiled with imposing ceremonies cost $65,000, of which $30,000 was appropriated by Congress for the pedestal, and the other $35,000 was raised by his comrades of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland. It stands in a circle at the foot of Capitol Hill, southwesterly from the Capitol, and is a pedestrian figure of heroic size. It represents Garfield in a graceful attitude, with one hand holding a manuscript, as if he were addressing the people, and the other resting on a book supported by a column, while his top coat is thrown back, giving the figure a lifelike appearance. The figure is of course concealed from public view by a winding sheet of black cambric, but it was undraped for a few minutes to be photographed, and again redraped, so to remain until the formal unveiling on the twelfth inst.

The inscription on the pedestal has been criticised because it refers to Garfield as "Senator" and also "Member of Congress." He was never in fact a Senator but only a Senator-elect, and strictly speaking there is no such thing as a "member of Congress" but only Senators and Representatives in Congress.

The Mollie Maguires.

THE LAST TWO OF THE FAMOUS CONVICTS GRANTED THEIR PARDONS.

The Pardon Board has approved the applications for pardon of Michael O'Brien and Christopher Donnelly, familiarly known as "the last of the Mollie Maguires." Twenty-one were hanged, many served various terms of imprisonment and a large number fled the country when the murderous conspiracy was exposed. O'Brien and Donnelly were sentenced in 1876 to fourteen years each in the Schuylkill County Prison for complicity in the murder of Gomer James, at Shenadoah and the attempted murder of the Major brothers and William Thomas, at Mahanoy City. Commutation deducted, their sentences would have expired in June next, unless it should have been held that the two sentences imposed upon each did not merge, in which case they would have some two years longer to serve. Their liberation will complete the dark chapter of Mollie Maguire crime and expiation.

Car Heating.

It is gratifying to notice that some progress is made every week in the work of substituting steam for stoves in railroad cars. For ten days a train heated by steam was run between St. Albans and White River Junction, Vt., the round trip covering two hundred and forty-two miles. The working of the system in use on this train has been inspected by the Vermont Railroad Commissioners and many practical railroad men, and all of these, as well as the officers of the road, are satisfied that the problem has been solved. In this section heat is furnished by steam that would otherwise be wasted. The terrible accident at White River occured on the road over which this train runs, and many lives would have been saved if the train wrecked last winter had been heated in the same way. Accidents will happen, but some of the worst horrors attendant upon our railroad casualties will be things of the past when the stoves are no more.

Our Wealthy Men.

Much has been said in newspapers of men who have made large fortunes in comparatively a few years in various business industries. Many of these articles are written by correspondents of prominent newspapers, and copied into others of lesser note. Correspondents generally are seldom men of business qualifications and wrongfully picture these men and their business as a thing of accident: this is not the case with those we have met. We find that where men have made large fortunes by their own business talent and industry they chose with sagacity and forethought such businesses as would lead to success when handled with business judgment. No man has been brought before the public as an example of success, both in wealth and magnitude of his business (outside of stock and railroad men) more prominently than Dr. G. G. Green of Woodbury, N. J. He is at the head of many large business industries, and yet comparatively a young man. When the fact that August Flower, for dyspepsia and liver complaint and Boschee's German Syrup, for coughs and lung troubles, has grown to a wonderful sale in all parts of the world, it proves that it was not an accident or spontaneous strike at wealth. His medicines are recognized as valuable and established remedies and the business has grown gradually and permanently during the last eighteen years on account not alone of Dr. Green's abilities as a business man nor his "good luck," but on the actual merits of the two preparations.—*Copied from the* N. Y. *Weekly Sun, of Dec.* 22, 1886.

Poll Tax Abolished.

No more poll tax need be paid in Pennsylvania for the exercise of the privilege of suffrage. The bill abolishing the tax was passed at Harrisburg last week. Pennsylvania now stands in line with the most progressive American States in refusing to put a money price on a privilege which in a republic should be the free and equal right of every citizen of good character and intelligence. Manhood suffrage is not peculiar to the United States. Even in a kingdom like Italy, and in an empire like Germany, the right to vote is less restricted than it is in some American States. Justice and freedom call for the free exercise of voting, and the abolition of the poll tax in Pennsylvania will give the citizens of the State the equal privileges which could be the rule everywhere.

Court Proceedings.

Court convened in regular session on Monday morning. His Honor Samuel Dreher of Stroudsburg as President Judge and Hons. C. G. Murphy and C. B. McHenry associates on the bench.

The constables appeared and made their returns and the newly elected ones were sworn in.

Isaac McBride was appointed tipstaff to take charge of the grand jury.

Henry S. Reay was selected as foreman of the grand jury and after being sworn was charged by the Court.

Application of Benjamin Sponenberg for restaurant license in Berwick withdrawn.

On petition Benjamin Michael of Beaver appointed guardian of Fannie, Charles and Robert Mensinger.

Commonwealth vs. George H. Fisher. Defendant entered into recognizance with M. A. Bibby as surety in sum of $200 for appearance at next session.

Anthony Deresinski was sworn as a citizen of the United States.

On motion of H. E. Smith Esq., H. W Kahler was discharged as an insolvent debtor.

Estate of Joseph Houghton dec'd. Exceptions filed.

Application of R. Berger for bottler's license in Berwick withdrawn.

Commonwealth vs. Washington Herring. Gambling house and permitting gambling. A true bill.

John A. Creasy vs B. & S. R. R. Co. Petition filed for viewers to assess damages.

John W. Hoffman vs. B. & S. R. R. Co. Petition filed for viewers to assess damages.

Road in Orange twp. near C. R. Canfield, report confirmed nisi and width fixed at thirty-three feet.

Account of Espy Lime & Cement Co. filed and confirmed nisi.

William Krickbaum appointed guardian of Henry M. Hetler.

Reuben Sitler's adm'rs. vs. Henry Getty et ux. Petitition for rule to open judgment filed. Rule granted.

Petition of James Kelly for benefit of insolvent laws filed.

Petition for reviewers for a private road in Catawissa twp. filed, to await disposition of exceptions to report of viewers.

Account of James A. Hess Commissioner of Fannie Coleman a lunatic confirmed nisi.

Isaac A. Dewitt, W. W. Black and Matthias Appleman appointed viewers for a road in Sugarloaf near David Lewis.

Report of viewers of bridge in Briarcreek twp. near Edward Hughes confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers for a road in Sugarloaf near Z. S. Kile's confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers for a road in Hemlock twp. near M. C. Whitenight's confirmed nisi.

Estate Samuel Keller. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Estate J. P. Hoffman, a lunatic. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Estate Wm. Pegg. Report of auditor confirmed nisi.

Estate Martin Mannon, a lunatic. Auditor's report confirmed nisi.

Estate Reuben Fahringer. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Amandus Billig appointed guardian of Charles A. and Harman Billig.

Estate Caroline Mann. Petition for sale filed.

Estate Jacob Demott. Petition for appointment of an auditor filed.

Report of inspectors of county bridge in Centre, near Scott's, filed.

Estate Wm. West. Auditor's report confirmed nisi.

Estate Wilson A. Thomas. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Beaver Twp. vs. Berwick Boro. Appeal from the order of removal of a pauper.

Report of auditor on sale of real estate of J. M. Chamberlin by sheriff filed.

Register's accounts and widows' appraisements confirmed nisi.

Estate Benjamin C. Hess, a lunatic. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Estate of John Karschner, dec'd. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Estate of Daniel Rarig, dec'd. Return of inquest confirmed nisi.

Estate Jonas Doty, dec'd. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Estate A. R. Rutan, dec'd. Report of sale confirmed nisi.

Public School Exercises.

Below is given the program of the closing exercises of the Bloomsburg Public Schools, which will be given in the Opera House, on next Monday afternoon and evening. The evening exercises are given by the High School, and those in the afternoon by the other schools. A small admission fee will be charged to avoid the great crowd of last year and the tickets will be limited in number. Only five hundred will be issued for the afternoon, and one thousand for the evening. The price for the afternoon will be ten cents and evening fifteen cents. Tickets for the evening entertainment will be on sale on Saturday at Dentler's. Afternoon exercises will begin at one o'clock.

AFTERNOON PROGRAM.

Overture by Prof. Metherell's Orchestra.

Prayer—Rev. Wm. C. Leverett.

Address—Dr. Higbee, Supt. of Public Schools (if present).

Lord's Prayer — Song — Primary Third Street.

Broom Drill—Primary Fifth Street.

May Festival—Intermediate Fifth Street.

Operata—Out in the Woods in May time—Junior Third Street.

Free Gymnastics—Primary Third Street.

Tambourine Drill — Intermediate Third Street.

Song—Laura Metherell, Primary Third Street.

Mother Goose and her Temperance Family—Junior, Fifth Street.

Song—Old fashioned boys, Primary Third Street.

Uncle Sam's Reception—Grammar School Fifth Street.

Song by School—Grammar School Fifth Street.

Song—"Sweet Geraniums"—Lillie Brobst and Hattie Ringrose—Grammar School Fifth Street.

Recitation—Grace Woodward—Grammar School Fifth Street.

Cobbler's Song—Primary Third St.

Valedictory—Mabel Moyer.

The overture will be a grand march composed expressly for this occasion by Prof. Metherell.

EVENING PROGRAM.

The exercises will begin at 8 o'clock.

Opening Chorus—Ellie Hasseri, Fannie Sterner, Hattie Sterner, Hattie Beist, Hattie Loreman, Mary Creveling, Morris Sloan, Charles Gilmore, Charles Lawall, Fred. Drinker, and others.

Salutatory—Mertie Bidleman.

Male Quartette—Oscar Ent, George Hart, Ed. Ent, Frank Colley.

Recitation—"Death Bridge of the Tay"—Maggie Evans.

Piano Solo—"Old Black Joe"—Mary Harman.

Drama—"Rough Diamonds"—Geo. Sloan, Oscar Ent, Charles Lawall, Frank Brown, Mary Harman, Hattie Loreman, Annie Woods.

Solo—"Memories come o'er me"—Edith Weiss.

Essay—Power of Individuality"—Agnes Garrison.

Recitation—"Ode to the Sky Lark"—Mary Creveling.

Guitar Duet—Oscar Ent, Charles Lawall.

Drama—"Wooing under Difficulties"—Elisha Fornwald, George Hart, Frank Colley, Joe Furman, Agnes Garrison, Edith Weiss, Annie Elliott.

Recitation—"The Lips that touch Liquor shall never touch mine"—Fannie Freeze.

Piano Solo—"Wandering Minstrels" Maggie Evans.

Song—"Beautiful Blue Danube"—Effie Hartman.

Chorus—"The Sunny Long-ago"—Lulu Creveling, Effie Hartman, Annie Elliott, Edith Weiss, Annie Eyer, Frank Brown, Charles Bidleman, Harry Hess, Joe Furman, William Leacock, Edward Traub, George Williams, Michael Casey and others.

Military Drill and Camp Scene—Oscar Ent, Elisha Fornwald, Freeze Quick, Charles Lawall, Edward Eyer, William Leacock, George Sloan, Frank Colley, George Hart.

Duet—"Over the Waves we float"—Effie Hartman, Ed. Ent.

Solo—"The Sunny Long-ago"—Frank Colley.

Valedictory—Hattie Loreman.

Mine Disaster.

FIVE MEN KILLED AT ASHLAND.

A terrible accident occurred Wednesday afternoon at Tunnel Colliery, Ashland, operated by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co., by which five men were killed, leaving four widows and 17 orphans. Owing to an anticipated "run" of the "pillars" the west gangway had not been working for a couple of weeks. For the same reason only experienced miners were working or the mortality would have been far greater. Notwithstanding all possible circumspection the apprehended "run" occurred at about 1 o'clock, bringing down with the coal a volume of deadly gas by which the five human victims together with six mules were suffocated. The accident was not discovered until some two hours later and when the air of the fatal gangway had been purified to admit of reaching the victims they were all found dead. Their names are, Fire Boss Henry Gill, married and five children; Henry Merrow, married, no children; Michael Bohonnon, married, two children; Daniel Finn, married, ten children, all of Ashland, and Ebenezer Frances, single, of Girardville.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

COMPOUND EXTRACT

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Peculiar To Itself

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

CANDIDATES' CARDS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
ELIAS HOWELL,
Of Mt. Pleasant Township.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JESSE RITTENHOUSE,
Of Beaver Twp.
Subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex., issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1887,

at 2 o'clock p. m., all that certain piece of land, situate in Jackson township, Columbia Co., Pa., bounded by lands of William Brink, Rohr McHenry, Lewis Banks and others, containing sixty-two acres and ninety-three perches. (It being designated as pur part No. 3, allotted to said Lewis C. Young, by the Orphans' Court of said county.)

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Lewis C. Young.

SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff.

MILLER AND IKELER & HERRING, Attys.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of Joseph E. Barkley, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., dec'd.

Letters testamentary in said estate, having been granted to the undersigned executrix all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate to present the same to

JULIA A. BARKLEY, Executrix.

1apr6t

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

The Best Cure for Coughs, Weak Lungs, Asthma, Indigestion, Inward Pains, Exhaustion. Combining the most valuable medicines with Jamaica Ginger, it exerts a curative power over disease unknown to other remedies. Weak Lungs, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, and the distressing ills of the stomach, Liver, Kidneys and bowels are dragging thousands to the grave who would recover their health by the timely use of Parker's Ginger Tonic. It is new life and strength to the aged. 50c. at Druggists. HISCOX & Co., 46 William Street, N. Y.

apr9d4t.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Fautless Family Medicine.

"I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for many years, having made it my only Family Medicine. My mother before me was very partial to it. It is a safe, good and reliable medicine for any disorder of the system, and if used in time is a great preventative of sickness. I often recommend it to my friends, and shall continue to do so.

"REV. JAMES M. ROLLINS,
"Pastor M. E. Church, So. Fairfield, Va."

TIME AND DOCTORS' BILL SAVED

by always keeping Simmons Liver Regulator in the house.

"I have found Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine I ever used for anything that may happen, have used it for Indigestion, Colic, Diarrhoea, Biliousness, and found it to relieve immediately. After eating a hearty supper, if, on going to bed, I take about a teaspoonful I never feel the effects of the supper eaten.

"DAVID G. SPARKS,
Ex-Mayor Macon, Ga."

J. H. Zeilin & Co.
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
PRICE, $1.00

Schuyler's Hardware.

MOORE'S CALSOM FINISH

—:o:—

So many people associate our Calsom finish with a white wash, as an article to be thought of only as suitable for the kitchen or some out of the way room where anything will do, that we want to take space this week to better explain its merits. In the first place it is not a white wash or a wash of any color, it is a cement which dries and hardens and becomes a part of the wall on which it is applied, does not crack, or peel, or rub off, it comes in a variety of colors and can be applied over wood, wall paper or any hard wall, and makes as handsome a finish as any wall paper at less than half the expense; it is used on the finest parlors, halls and stores; if you do not want to go to the expense of getting a painter or kalsominer to put it on, get a good brush and you can do it yourself. A good article is always imitated and we caution parties against buying any article which is represented as just as good; see that the name "Moore's Calsom Finish," and directions in English and German, are on the package. If your merchant does not keep it send to us.

If a man has a poor pocket knife he will get rid of it somehow, but will sit around and watch his wife hack away with an old pair of shears as if it was a matter of course, and when he does buy her a pair generally looks the case over and selects something low priced; there are again others who have really tried to get a good article and failed. For the benefit of people who are willing to pay the price of a good article we have added a full line of the celebrated "Heinisch" shears, they are not so very high priced and are worth every time all they cost, there is no "throwing away money" buying them.

We are opening up more fishing tackle again this week. It's astonishing what nice things there are in this line, and for so little money. We have almost everything, from the best to the cheapest.

J. R. SCHUYLER & Co.,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

CURE FOR THE DEAF.

Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums perfectly restore the hearing, no matter whether deafness is caused by colds, fever or injuries to the natural drums. Always in position, but invisible to others and comfortable to wear. Music, conversation, even whispers heard distinctly. We refer to those using them. Send for illustrated book of proofs free. Address F. HISCOX, 849 Broadway 853 N. Y. apr15 4 wd

Established FAY'S 1866.

MANILLA ROOFING!

Takes the lead; does not corrode like tin or iron, nor decay like shingles or tar compositions; easy to apply; strong and durable; at half the cost of tin. Is also a SUBSTITUTE for PLASTER at Half the Cost. CARPETS, and RUGS of same material, double the wear of Oil Cloths. Catalogue and samples FREE. W. H. FAY & CO., CAMDEN, N. J. apr15d4t.

DO YOU KNOW IT?

WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA is a matchless remedy for Consumption in every stage of the disease. For Coughs, Weak Lungs, Throat diseases, Loss of Flesh and Appetite, and all forms of general debility it is an unequaled Specific Remedy. BE SURE AND GET WINCHESTER'S PREPARATION. $1 and 50 per bottle. Sold by Druggists. WINCHESTER & CO., 160 William St., New York. (dapr15-4t)

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

Now when the buds begin to show,
'Tis time for young and old to know
That Fevers, Lassitude and all
The ills at Indigestion call,
With every trouble, ache or pain,
That follows in the Bilious train,
Will scatter like the thieves of night
Before a draught of Seltzer bright.

apr15t.

Beautify Your Homes.

USE JOHNSTON'S KALSOMINE

READY FOR USE.

White and choice colors. Cheaper and Better than wall paper or oil paint. Purifies all surfaces and kills germs of disease. Any one can use it.

IT IS THE BEST.

Gold Medal and Highest Awards. Beware of imitations. If not for sale in your town, send for sample card and prices.

Dry Kalsomine and Fresco Paint Works,
25 & 27 John St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

apr15d4t.

OH! MY BACK, MY BACK!

RELIEVED IN ONE MINUTE.

Aching backs, hips, and sides, kidney and uterine pains, weakness and inflammation, rheumatic, neuralgic, sciatic, sudden, sharp and nervous pains, coughs, colds and strains relieved in one minute by that new, original, elegant and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation, the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. 25 cts.; 5 for $1; at all druggists or Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

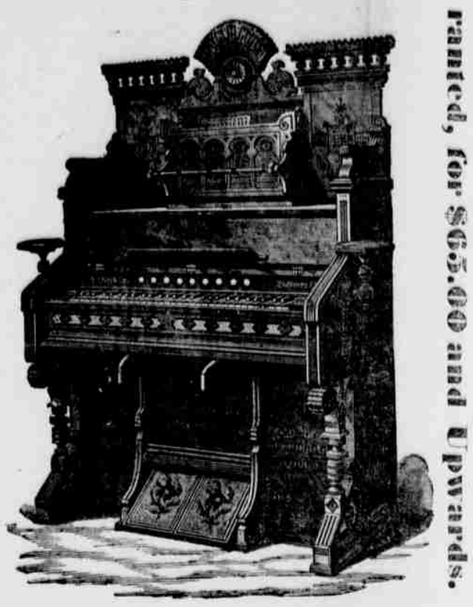
apr9d4t.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

We are offering great inducements to persons desiring to purchase Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines.

A Magnificent Upright or Square Piano for $250.00 and Upwards.

A Good Double Reed Organ, Warranted, for $65.00 and Upwards.



Among the Pianos we handle are the *IVERS & POND, C. C. BRIGGS, BAUS & CO., SCHOMACKER Gold String and Opera Pianos.* These Pianos are all first-class and fully warranted for five years.

Our leading Organs are the celebrated *ESTEY, MILLER, UNITED STATES* and other makes.

Our leading Sewing Machines are the celebrated *WHITE, NEW DAVIS, NEW DOMESTIC, NEW HOME, HOUSEHOLD, ROYAL ST. JOHN and STANDARD ROTARY Sewing Machine,* the finest and best Rotary Sewing Machine in the world.

Before purchasing write for Catalogues to J. SALTZER'S PALACE OF MUSIC AND GREAT SEWING MACHINE DEPOT, Main St., Bloomsburg, Pa.

CREAMERY SUPPLIES

My new Illus. Catalogue and Price List, containing valuable information for Creamery men and all interested in BUTTER Factories, sent Free on application. ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR COMPLETE OUTFITS.

DAIRY FIXTURES— Churns, Cabinet Creameries, Butter Workers, Butter Printers, Butter Shipping Boxes, etc.

A. H. REID, 1635 Barker St., Philadelphia, Pa

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WANTED—WOMAN Active and intelligent to represent established business in own locality. Permanent position and good salary. References exchanged. Gay Mfg. Co., 16 Barclay St., N. Y. apr29d4t.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

LIFE OF BEECHER,

By DR. LYMAN ABBOTT, editor of the *Christian Union*. (Beecher's Funeral Sermon was preached by Dr. Abbott). Mr. Beecher aided in this book up to his death. Much is entirely *autobiographical*. A large amount of *interesting narrative* in no other. This is the right book, A. GORTON & CO., Philada. (39

HIRES' ROOT BEER.

IMPROVED

Package, 25 cents, makes 5 gallons of a delicious, sparkling, temperance beverage. Strengthens and purifies the blood. Its purity and delicacy commend it to all. Sold by all druggists and storekeepers 29aprlid.

DEAFNESS its causes and a new and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. Treated by most of the noted specialists without benefit. Cured himself in 3 months and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars sent on application. T. S. PAGE, No. 41 West 31st St., New York City. apr29d4t.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS.

Highest Honors at all Great World's Exhibitions since 1867. 100 styles, $22 to $900. For Cash, Easy Payments, or Rented. Catalogue, 46 pp, 4to, free.

PIANOS.

The new mode of piano construction invented by Mason & Hamlin in 1882 has been fully proved, many excellent experts pronouncing it the greatest improvement made in pianos of the century. For full information, send for Catalogue.

Mason & Hamlin Organ & Piano Co.,
Boston, New York, Chicago.
apr29d4t.

AGENTS WANTED to canvass for one of the largest, oldest-established, best-known Nurseries in the country. Most liberal terms. Unequaled facilities. Prices low. Geneva Nursery, Established 1845. W. & T. SMITH, Geneva, N. Y. [apr15d4t]

FIRST PREMIUM. PHILADA 1876. Grand Prize Medal, Paris, 1878.

DREYDOPPEL'S BORAX SOAP

Ask your Grocer for it. Wm. Dreydoppel, Mfr. 208 North Front Street, PHILADELPHIA, PA. jun4-86-1y-aprlte.

$25,000.00 IN GOLD!

WILL BE PAID FOR

ARBUCKLES' COFFEE WRAPPERS.

1 Premium,		$1,000.00
2 Premiums,		$500.00 each
5 Premiums,		$250.00 "
25 Premiums,		$100.00 "
100 Premiums,		$50.00 "
200 Premiums,		$20.00 "
1,000 Premiums,		$10.00 "

For full particulars and directions see Circular in every pound of ARBUCKLES' COFFEE. marlirly.

THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.

This Magazine portrays American thought and life from ocean to ocean, is filled with pure high-class literature, and can be safely welcomed in any family circle.

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Premium List with either.

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R. T. BUSH & SON, Publishers,
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GET UP CLUBS

apr22-3w.

D. LANCELL'S ASTHMA AND CATARRH REMEDY.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Having struggled 20 years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent physicians, and receiving no benefit, I was compelled during the last 5 years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath. My sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE FOR ASTHMA AND CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of ASTHMA IN FIVE MINUTES, so that the patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Please read the following condensed extracts from unsolicited testimonials all of recent date:

Oliver V. R. Holt, San Jose, Cal., writes: "I find the remedy all and even more than represented. I receive instantaneous relief."

E. M. Carson, A. M., Warren, Kansas, writes: "Was treated by eminent physicians of this country and Germany; tried the climate of different states—nothing afforded relief like your preparation."

T. E. Gates, County Treasurer, Philadelphia, Miss., writes: "Have used the Remedy. Would not live without it. Every one that uses it recommends it."

L. B. Phelps, P. M., Griggs, Ohio, writes: "Suffered with asthma 40 years. Your medicine in 3 minutes does more for me than the most eminent physician did for me in three years."

H. C. Hampton, Joliet, Ill., writes: "Send catarrh Remedy at once. Cannot get along without it. I find it to be the most valuable medicine I have ever tried."

Geo. W. Brady, Nelson Co., Ky., writes: "I am using the remedy. Gained 8 pounds in 3 weeks. would not be without it."

Martin Fox, Little Falls, N. Y., writes: "Find Remedy excellent. Could not live without it."

We have many other hearty testimonials of cure or relief, and in order that all sufferers from Asthma, Catarrh, Hay Fever, and kindred diseases may have an opportunity of testing the value of the Remedy we will send to any address TRIAL PACKAGE FREE OF CHARGE. Address,

J. ZIMMERMAN & CO., Proprietors,
Wholesale Druggists, Wooster, Wayne Co., O.
Full sizebox by mail $1. [may7-1y.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

—:o:—

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Wheat per bushel	78 @ 80	
Rye " "	56	
Corn " "	50	65
Oats " "

The Columbian

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1887.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:13 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

SOUTH.	NORTH.
6:15 a. m.	8:29 a. m.
10:30 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:02 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloomberry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:46 a. m.	11:54 a. m.
4:36 p. m.	4:19 p. m.

SUNDAY.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:16 a m	6:39 p m

Reduced Rates.

Hereafter the price for publishing Executors, and administrator's notices in the COLUMBIAN will be $2.00 including a note and receipt book. No other paper in the county makes so liberal an offer.

Auditor's notices also reduced to $2.00.

SALES.

FOR SALE.—Pair of handsome bay horses six and seven years old, large and strong, good drivers and will work anywhere. Warranted sound and free from faults or blemishes are offered for sale solely for want of use. J. R. SCHUYLER.

A Fine Residence For Sale.

The executors of Mary N. Harman, deceased, offer at private sale a handsome residence on Market street above Main, Bloomsburg. The house is of brick, large pleasant rooms, steam heat, gas, water, sewerage, and all modern improvements. There is a large frame barn, ice house and outbuildings. One of the most desirable locations in the town. Terms easy.

They also offer for sale thirty-seven acres of land on Normal hill, adjoining P. Dillon's and the Hoyt estate. Can be divided into desirable building lots. For terms and particulars apply to I. W. McKelvy, one of the executors, or Geo. E. Elwell, attorney, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf

FOR RENT.

Two rooms on second floor of the COLUMBIAN building, together or separately. Steam heat, gas, water on same floor. Rent low. Inquire of Geo. E. Elwell. [3t

Latest shape in hats, Dunlaps, Youman, et cætera.

Correct in style,
Fine in quality,
Lowest in price, at Lowenberg's.

Personal.

Judge Murphy looks well in his new silk hat.

B. I. Curran, of Centralia, attended court as a juror this week.

G. A. Potter, editor of the *Millville Tablet*, was in town on Monday.

Encouraging reports of the condition of Judge Elwell's health have been recently received.

Mary Kline, who was very sick last week with pneumonia, is much improved and able to be around the house.

John Moran, Martin Purcell, Edward Hughes, and numerous other residents of Centralia were in town this week.

Mr. John W. Gibbs and H. H. Grotz started Wednesday evening up the creek to spend a day or two in fishing for trout.

Grass is looking fresh and green.

Straw hats are beginning to appear.

The recent rains have brought the blossoms out on the trees in profusion.

A station on the Wilkesbarre and Western railroad is named "Let 'er Go."

Wall paper hangings and handsome ceiling decorations at Clark's book store.

Several washing machines have been on exhibition in the court yard this week.

Wall paper for 1887. The newest, best colored and most artistic designs at Clark's book store.

Several more long timbers were taken up the creek last week to be used in the bridge at Huntingdon.

The warm weather of the past few days has brought to light a good deal of last year's Summer clothing.

The rush has commenced for Spring styles in Neckwear. Call and see the beautiful stock, now in—at D. Lowenberg's.

Mr. A. J. Evans is having his residence on Third street much improved, by painting the brick and outside wood work.

HO! FOR THE WEST!—Don't miss seeing the large assortment of Trunks, Satchels and Bags at D. Lowenberg's.

The peach trees are laden with blossoms. Unless a severe frost should come, we may expect plenty of peaches in this section.

WANTED!—1,000 boys and children to buy New Spring Suits. New in style and low in price, at David Lowenberg's.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Annie J. Bernhard and Mr. Robert R. Voris, on the 12th inst., at St. Paul's P. E. Church.

Communion services will be held in the Briarcreek church on Sunday, May 15, at 2:30 p. m. Preparatory service on Saturday afternoon.

Keystone Minstrels at the Opera House, Friday evening, May 13. The troupe is composed of home talent, and give a good performance.

Now the young man with a girl groans to himself, as he thinks of the long ice cream season coming. Early warm weather has its disadvantages.

Wall paper hangings and ceiling decorations to produce almost any effect desired. Call and examine our stock and be convinced. Clark's book store.

May came in like a mid-summer month. During the first few days of the month the thermometer registered among the nineties. Tuesday it was ninety-six degrees.

Mr. J. D. Wilson's new house on West Third street is nearly completed. A veranda is being put up in front of the house, which improves its appearance greatly.

B. F. Sharpless has put in some new machinery and is now making light castings of a fine quality of soft grey iron. His light castings are giving general satisfaction.

Mr. L. Bernard, the jeweler, has purchased a new lathe and several other instruments of use in the jewelry business, which are very skillfully manipulated by Mr. Joe Wells

Mr. Hiram Hess, of Benton, has sold his farms to his two sons. W. W. Hess purchased the Kline property for $13,120; and F. M. Hess, the old homestead, near Stillwater, valued at $9,750.

The Merchant Tailoring Department is now replete in Spring styles. Call and see the largest stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, &c., to select from. Suits made up in City Style at D. Lowenberg's, Merchant Tailor.

Now is the time to get your Confirmation Suit. A full stock on hand at D. Lowenberg's.

The warm weather of Sunday last brought our young people out with their Spring suits of clothing.

Rev. W. S. Carothers, P. E. of Milton, will preach in the Evangelical church and administer the Lord's Supper on next Sabbath at 3 o'clock p. m.

I invite the attention of parties who intend papering or decorating their walls or ceilings to the largest and most complete line of wall hangings or ceiling decorations in town. George A. Clark.

Mr. Josiah Gigger made his appearance with his ice wagon this week. Mr. Gigger reports that the Winter was a favorable one for him and that he has his houses filled with the nicest and clearest ice ever yet obtained.

A party of men or boys, and perhaps a woman, made midnight hideous by their unearthly yells on Monday night. They were full of liquor, and kept up their shrieks for a half hour or more Many people were awakened, and thought it was an alarm of fire.

Nearly six millions of trade dollars have been redeemed, and there must be many more unredeemed. The period of redemption is growing shorter, and if any of our readers have trade dollars on hand they had better get rid of them shortly. We will take them at this office for full value.

William Gross and Miss Maggie Jones were united in marriage at the home of the bride on Wednesday of last week. They left the same morning on their wedding trip, returning on Monday. A number of their friends spent Monday evening with them at the home of Mr. Peter Gross, and had a good time.

The town has been full of people this week. Court brought a great many people to town, a meeting of school directors was held on Tuesday for the election of County Superintendent, and the State meeting of American Mechanics has also been held here this week. The town has not been so lively for many weary months.

The Keystone Minstrels will give another entertainment in the Opera House, on Friday, May 13, with an entire new program, except a few old features including the acrobatic performance of Shaffer and Boice which was very well done at the first performance. The boys give a very fair performance, and should be well patronized.

The Calliepian Literary society will give an entertainment at Normal Hall this (Friday) evening, when they will render the popular drama entitled, "The Danger Signal." Great care has been taken in the preparation of this entertainment and the public may look for a rare treat. Music will be given by Prof. Metherell's orchestra.

Danville has at last got its electric light plant in successful operation. The lamps were lighted for the first time one evening last week. Large crowds of people collected around the two street lamps, and various stores, and when the current was turned on burst into loud cheers. With one or two exceptions the lamps worked well, and all Danville is pleased with it.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Normal School held on Monday, 2d inst., the following persons were elected trustees for the ensuing three years: Wm. Neal, John A. Funston, Elias Mendenhall and Geo. E. Elwell. A letter was received from Judge Elwell declining a re-election. He has been a trustee for the past nineteen years, and most of that time has been President of the Board.

The Millville *Tablet* of last week says: "The first passenger train arrived at this place, on schedule time, Monday morning. Hereafter the people of this vicinity need not feel that they are cut off from communication with the outside world. They have direct communication by rail with New York and Philadelphia, and they can reach the county seat by rail if they go around by Northumberland."

Grand House Decorative Art Exhibit, Main street below Market, from May 13th to 18th inclusive. Finest display of plush and lace portierres, imitation oil paintings, framed pictures in silk etching, draperies, scarfs, lambrequins, etc. ever seen in Bloomsburg. Also a fine display of organs and pianos can be seen at the same time. Free to all. J. SALTZER,
2t General Agent.

The Milton *Economist* of last week says: The Exchange Hotel at Bloomsburg always was a popular resort, but is even more so, since the recent improvements have been completed. Landlord Tubbs has considerably enlarged the house and added many rooms, besides making other improvements, all calculated to add to the comfort and convenience of the many guests who make Exchange their headquarters when in Bloomsburg.

The Lawn Tennis Club held their first meeting at the rectory Wednesday evening of last week. About twenty young people were present. Mr. J. C. Reifsnyder was elected president, Miss Leverett, vice-president, Miss Mary Clark, Secretary and Mr. Bruce Clark, treasurer. An executive committee was appointed, in order to see about the grounds for laying out a tennis court, and to procure rackets, etc. This will be a very pleasant pastime for the summer months.

Persons in the habit of making for themselves a cup of tea are warned against the careless habit of leaving any tea in the teapot to be "warmed over," or to be taken cold at an hour much later than when it was made. The tannin, which tea that has been long standing contains, does a great deal of mischief. A little weak tea newly made with freshly boiled water is not hurtful taken once or twice a day, but strong tea or tea that has been standing is decidedly injurious.—*Ex.*

We have received from Dr. James B. Neal the Annual Report of the Tungchowfu Dispensary, Tungchowfu, China, of which he is in charge. The report for the year 1886 shows that Dr. Neal is doing splendid work there. The number of patients was less than for the year 1885, but this was owing to the scarcity of soldiers stationed now at Tungchowfu. Fully one-half the patients for the year 1885 were soldiers. Dr. Neal is also making arrangements to teach a small class in medicine during the coming year.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending May 3, 1887:

Miss Carrie Bogert (2), Mrs. H. J. Creveling, Propr. Eagle Hotel, Miss May Evans, Mrs. E. Gandinier, Annie Gensel (2), John Gordner, Miss Minnie Hess, Mr. Joseph Kime, Mr. John Neihart, Miss Maria Zimmerman.

CARDS.

Miles Frey, Mr. Samuel Hidlay.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

Shipping tags, with or without strings, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

An elegant line of SPRING OVERCOATS Just received at D. Lowenberg's.

List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Benton, for month ending April 30,1887: Mrs. E. B. Bradley, Mr. Washington Piatt, Lot. Shearwood, Mr. George McGown.

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised."

E. E. APPLEMAN, P M.

The currency of this country, consisting of gold, silver and paper, amounts to $1,814,698,342. There was never so much before. If the nation could keep one-half of it moving we should all be happy. Dead money is of no use to any one. It is only useful when it assists in the exchange of one thing for another.

Judge Samuel S. Dreher, of Stroudsburg, President Judge of the Monroe-Carbon district, arrived in town on Monday morning from Berwick, where he spent Sunday with Mr. G. W. Learn, a relative. He presided in Court, and, by his affable manner in legal learning, his keen perception, and ready rulings he has won the regard and admiration of the bar. Judge Dreher lived in Bloomsburg in 1838 when a boy, the late Frederick Dreher being a relative of his. He has been here but once since, and now discovers great improvements in our town. Judge Dreher is one of the judges of this State who honor the bench.

The "MarJo" company played in the Opera House last Saturday evening to a large house. The play is one of the "blood and thunder" type, and is full of thrilling situations from beginning to end. The audience burst into loud applause on several occasions, especially after the liberation of "Mardo" from the burning hut by his dog, when Mr. Frayne was called before the curtain, accompanied by Jack, the dog, which is one of the most intelligent animals that ever appeared on this stage. Miss Tucker, the leading lady, played her part very well, and the rest of the characters were well taken. The last act is full of Nihilist plots, dynamite, shooting and explosions, and at the end of the play Mr. Frayne enters the lion's cage to obtain some Nihilist papers.

The company carry with them several wild animals, including the lion, which is a very large one, two hyenas, and a small black bear. Quite a crowd collected at the Opera House Saturday afternoon to view the animals.

Trunks! Trunks! Trunks!
Just received a large stock.
Cheaper than ever at D. Lowenberg's.

The School Furnishing Co. are again ready to commence operation in the manufacture of school desks, &c. The buildings are almost completed and most of the machinery in place. They have decided for the present not to manufacture the Conner desk, but have agreed upon a new style—the patent of their present Superintendent, Mr. Sanders. One of the chief features of the new desk is that it can be taken apart easily and shipped in a compact condition to any destination and delivered direct into the school room, where it is set up. The other desk was put together with bolts and screws and necessarily must be shipped all set up, hence occupying considerable space in shipping and storing. The difference in freight and drayage on the new style of desk will itself amount to a nice sum during a year. The company are elated over the prospect of the year with the new desk and are endeavoring to increase the capital stock, with a view of running to a full capacity during the year, and have a nice stock on hand.

Window fixtures, spring balance or spring top, lower than ever before, at George A. Clark's.

The State Council of Penn'a Order United American Mechanics met in the hall of the Farmers' Produce Exchange on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. An address of welcome was delivered by Rev. Prof. D. J. Waller, which was responded to by S. H. Ashbridge, of Philadelphia, after which the State Council was opened. The roll of officers and representatives called and new members admitted. Report of the finance committee was read and adopted. Reports of the secretary and board of officers were referred to committees. The report of the Secretary shows that at the close of the year there were 10,921 members; amount of money received by subordinate councils during the year, $106,245.63; paid for benefits and relief of members, $57,052.00; paid for relief of widows and orphans, $1,023.34; amount of orphans' and widows' fund, $52,262.43; number of members instated during the year, 1423; number of widows of deceased brothers, 554; number of orphans, 672. Reports of representatives to the National Council and Election Committee were read. The officers-elect were duly installed and the unwritten work exemplified. There were present about 75 representatives. The next session will be held in Pittsburg the first Monday of May next.

Window shades, plain or dado, either mounted or without fixtures as you prefer, at Clark's book store.

An Interesting Debate.

On Thursday evening of last week a discussion took place at the hotel of Geo. W. Miller in Briarcreek township, the subject being "Resolved that good has had, and has more influence upon man than evil." The disputants on the affirmative side were Dr. H. L. Freas, Col. S. P. Hanley and C. B. Jackson Esq. of Berwick: on the negative were Daniel McHenry, Judge C. B. McHenry, of Stillwater, and Captain G. W. Utt of Rohrsburg. The debate lasted about two hours, and many good points were made on both sides. About a hundred people were present, and were very much interested. At the close the judges, R. G. F Kshinke, Sheriff Samuel Smith, and T. H. Edgar decided in favor of the negative. Mr. Miller had prepared an excellent supper which was partaken of and enjoyed by all present.

County Superintendent.

The Convention of School Directors of Columbia county, for the election of a Superintendent of common schools for the ensuing three years, met at the Court House on Tuesday, May 3, at 1 o'clock. Supt. Grimes called the convention to order, and Dr. L. J. Adams, of Briarcreek, was elected chairman, J. C. Brown, secretary, and W. E. Smith, reading clerk. On calling the roll there were found present 115 out of the 150 directors in the county. The salary of County Superintendent was fixed at $1,000 a year. Nominations for County Superintendent now being in order, D. C. McHenry, of Berwick, named J. S. Grimes and Emanuel Snyder named Francis Heck. The roll was called and Grimes received 87 votes, Heck received 28 votes. The chair declared J. S. Grimes elected, and the announcement was received with applause. Mr. Grimes thanked the convention in a few well chosen words, and the meeting adjourned.

Men's, Youths, Boys and Children's Tailor Fitting Clothing.
Leading in quantity, quality and style.
Perfect satisfaction always the motto of
DAVID LOWENBERG.

Collectors' receipt books and notices for sale at this office. tf.

Sunday School Convention.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., April 28, 1887.

The third semi-annual convention of the Sunday schools of Bloomsburg, Pa., was called to order in the M. E. Church at two o'clock p. m., by the president, Mr. W. J. Bidleman.

After singing, devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. J. S. Wagner. The Secretary being absent, on motion J. S. Wagner was elected Secretary pro tempore. Reading of the minutes of previous sessions was postponed until the evening session.

The discussion of the first topic on the programme, "Who Should Compose the Sunday School?" was opened by E. H. Little, Esq., who showed that every one who takes up the Bible with honest intentions has a right to study it, that the study of the Bible is the basis of the proper observation of the Holy Sabbath. The discussion was continued by Mr. Spear.

After singing, the second topic, "When May we Look for the Conversion of Children?" was opened by Rev. F. B. Riddle. The principal points made were the child is born heir to the inheritance of salvation, but must accept this consciously when it arrives at the age of accountability—this age varies in different cases. There is a great deal to be learned. The obstacles to the conversion of children were brought out and properly treated. But, notwithstanding these adverse influences, conversions continue to be observed.

The third topic, "The Proper Use of the Lesson Leaf," was opened by Rev. F. P. Manhart. The different features of the lesson leaf were noted and attention called to the more important. There is an improper use of the lesson leaf, in this that it is too often made to take the place of the Bible. From this results a lamentable ignorance of the Bible. Suggested that the older scholars, at least, do not use the lesson leaf in the study of the lesson in the class. Further discussion by Rev. Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Spear.

After music, the fourth topic, "Hints on the Devotional Exercises of the School," was announced. Rev. Dr. Mitchell, who was named to open it, offered an apology for not doing so. On motion it was decided that the discussion be postponed, and that Rev. Dr. Mitchell be granted time at the opening of the evening session to discuss the topic. After singing the question, box was passed.

Prof. D. J. Waller answered the question, "Should the Sunday School Teacher be a Professing Christian.," in the affirmative.

"Should any one who is not a Professing Christian Teach in the Sunday School?" Depends upon circumstances. "Should a Sunday School Teacher Engage in Any Social Amusement?" Answered in affirmative, conditionally. "Is a Serious Non-Professor Better Than an Inconsistent Professor?" Answered in the affirmative with conditions.

On motion convention adjourned. Closed with doxology and benediction.

J. S. WAGNER, Sec'y, pro tem.

EVENING SESSION.

The evening session was called to order by President Bidleman. After singing, devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Spear.

On motion, J. S. Wilson was elected Secretary. In accordance with a motion passed in the afternoon session, Rev. Dr. Mitchell addressed the convention on the topic assigned him for the afternoon "Hints on the Devotional Exercises of the School." The following points were mentioned: Responsive readings tend to inattention in Bible reading; singing should be rendered interesting by being varied; prayers should be brief; all exercises should be devotional.

Rev. Wagner then delivered an address on his topic, "How Can Attendance of Sunday School Children Upon Church Services be Secured?" Children should not be allowed to acquire the idea that the Sunday school is their church, and that, by attending it, they have discharged their duty to the church. Parents should set their children a consistent example in church attendance. The teacher should be a consistent, devout Christian, an experienced guide. The children may be taken to the church services before they are able to attend Sunday school or to stay for both services.

Singing by the convention was followed with an essay by Mr. H. G. Supplee on the topic, "What is the True Mission of the Sunday School?" During the singing which followed, a collection was taken up, which resulted in raising two dollars and eighteen cents.

In the unavoidable absence from town of Rev. Leverett, the discussion of the next topic, "How Can we Retain the Older Children of the School?" was opened by Rev. Ganoe. The key to the success of the school in this, as in every other respect, is the teacher. Some teachers think it a great trouble to keep a class book. The good teacher will hold his class together. The good teacher, necessary to hold the class of older children exists, or can be made, in every school. The children must feel that their school is moving, is doing something, and is one of the best in the community. They will then be interested and retained.

The question box was now opened and several questions were clearly and concisely answered by Prof. Waller.

By motion the President was instructed to appoint a committee of three to make all necessary arrangements for the next semi-annual convention. Adjourned.

JAS. S. WILSON, Secy.

CHRONIC COUGHS AND COLDS and all diseases of the throat and lungs can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion, as it contains the healing virtues of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in their fullest form. "I consider Scott's Emulsion the remedy par-excellence in tuberculous and strumous affections, to say nothing of ordinary colds and throat troubles.—W. R. S. CONNELL, M. D., Manchester, O.

Horrible Death of a Fireman and a Brakeman on the Reading.

A coal and a freight train came into collision on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad at Mintzer's switch, two miles west of Tamaqua, at noon Saturday last. Wm. Pruett, of Catawissa, a brakeman, who was riding on the engine, was killed. He was pinned fast on the seat in the engine cab and scalded to death by escaping steam. He lived about a half an hour in this position. The engine had to be pried apart with iron bars before his body could be extricated. He was 21 years old and unmarried. Charles McAfee, a fireman, saw the coal train coming and tried to jump, but one leg was caught between the engine and the water tank and pinched off above the knee, dropping McAfee to the embankment from whence he crawled fifty feet. Amputation was performed, but it is doubtful if he can live. Samuel Ettingham, the freight train engineer, was injured internally, but it is thought not seriously. The engineer on the coal train was uninjured. Both locomotives are completely wrecked and fully twenty coal and freight cars. The damage to railroad property is estimated at $50,000. The cause of the accident is laid to the dispatcher's office at Tamaqua, orders having been sent to hold the coal train at East Mahanoy Junction after it had passed that point, and therefore too late. An engine was sent out from Tamaqua to catch the freight train and stop it, but that was too late also.

Licenses.

When licenses were called up on Monday afternoon the Court room was full of people. About fifty ladies, of Espy, were present to hear the testimony in the case of Jacob Blosser, an applicant for a hotel license at that place. Mr. Howell represented the applicant and Messrs. E. H. & R. R. Little and J. M. C. Ranck, the opposition. A remonstrance containing 226 names was filed, and a number of witnesses were called on each side. Some testimony was offered on behalf of the remonstrants to show that Mr. Blosser was not competent to keep a hotel by reason of some physical infirmity, and that he employed a man to conduct the business for him, who was of intemperate habits; that strangers had been refused meals and lodging, and that liquor had been sold to men when intoxicated; that there was sometimes a crowd in front of the hotel so that persons passing were obliged to go out into the street. On behalf of the applicant it was contended that Espy has nearly 500 inhabitants, and that a hotel is necessary for the accommodation of the traveling public; that it has been licensed for many years, and that no violation of the law occurred while Blosser had a license for the house, in 1885. Fifteen witnesses were called.

On the argument it was urged by the opposition that the petition does not set forth that a license to sell liquor at that place is necessary, but reads that there is a necessity for the house. A distinction was made between the necessity for the house and a necessity for a license to sell liquor. Judge Dreher then remarked that if the granting of licenses depended upon the necessity of licenses to sell liquor, he would refuse every application that came before him, but as he understood the law, it was the necessity for a public house for the accommodation of the travelling public, and the entertainment of strangers and travellers, that the courts are obliged to consider. A question was also raised as to the sufficiency of Blosser's bond, it being signed by two persons whose names were on the petition, but who were not residents of Scott township.

A remonstrance was also filed against the petition of A. J. Thrash, an applicant for a hotel license at Lightstreet. It was signed by 72 names, mostly females. A supplemental petition was presented by Mr. Zarr, containing 73 names, a few of whom resided out of the township. No witnesses were called on either side, and the case was submitted on the papers, after argument by Mr. Little and Mr. Zarr.

A. H. Fulmer's application for a hotel license at Eyer's Grove was next called, L. S. Wintersteen for the applicant. The first objection raised was that the applicant had not signed his name to the petition, and as he was about to sign it in Court, Mr. Little objected, that it was too late to sign now. Judge Dreher remarked that if it was too late, his signature would not mend it. A number of witnesses were examined in behalf of the applicant. The opposition called no witnesses, stating that they relied on the remonstrance and the cross-examination of witnesses. There were 47 names on the remonstrance.

Edward J. Haffey was a new applicant for a restaurant in Centralia. There was no special remonstrance against it. Several witnesses were examined as to the character of the applicant, the convenience of the house, &c.

Norman Colé was an applicant for a restaurant in Sugarloaf. He was sworn on his own behalf.

Michael J. Ryan asked for a restaurant license in Centralia. The Court held all these cases under advisement.

The application of B. E. Long was withdrawn.

Charge to Grand Jury.

In his charge to the Grand Jury on Monday last Judge Dreher called particular attention to that part of the oath which requires the Grand Jury to present matters within their own knowledge; telling them that, if any Grand Juror knew of violation of law, he should communicate with his fellows, and that, if after consultation, the jury should think that a crime had been committed, and there was reasonable cause to believe that a certain person had committed it, they might make presentment of the facts in their own language, together with the names of any witnesses. He also instructed the jury that the oath of secrecy was binding beyond the time of the session of the Grand Jury, extending to all time; that a juror was not to divulge what took place before the Grand Jury, except by presentment in open Court, or when required in a judicial proceeding; that this oath was as much for the protection of the jurors as for anything else, relieving the juror from dread of what a criminal might do by way of revenge if he knew that a particular juror had informed against him. On the subject of roads, the Court charged that they should be kept in such a condition that a traveler, using reasonable care and caution, could pass over them in safety; and that, if, through neglect of the supervisor, they were not in such repair, the township would be responsible to the person injured; submitting to the jury the returns of certain constables, it was suggested that, in view of the season of the year, it might be well for the jury to direct the district attorney to notify the officers in fault of their duty, and let the next grand jury proceed against them by indictment, unless the duty was promptly discharged. The too-common practice of encroaching upon the limits of the highway, when resetting a fence, was touched upon, and pronounced "all wrong." It is the duty of the supervisors to see that the roads are kept open to the lawful width, as laid out. Following is the list of roads returned as either too narrow or out of repair:

Benton.—Bridge near Joseph Hess'. A bridge is a part of the highway; it is the duty of the supervisors to keep it in good condition; proper railings should be put up at every bridge. The constable does not say in what particular the bridge is out of repair or defective, so that the Court is not informed.

Franklin.—The road leading from the bridge near Wm. Rohrbach's to David Reece's is too narrow. It should be kept open to the full breadth.

Roaringcreek.—The road leading from the M. E. Church to C. B. Jackson's farm. In what particular that road is out of repair the constable does not say.

Hemlock.—Roads and bridges are returned as per notice of B. F. Eves, attached hereto, and made part of this return. "You are hereby notified that the public road, leading from Millville to Bloomsburg, so far as the same is made in Hemlock township, is in a bad state of repair in the following places;" and then there are eight or nine specifications, under this general charge, of defects in that road; it is not necessary to read them, because you will have them before you.

The Ransom Oil Business.

Since week before last the subject of oil in the vicinity of Ransom has been the main subject for discussion and prospecting has been carried on vigorously. The old Tomkins estate of some five hundred acres of woodland, now owned by George W. Chamberlin, through which the Gardner creek runs on its way from Milwaukie to the river, has been closely examined with considerable success. At various points along its course the bluish glossy film has been found to exist and at one place the soil is found bubbling to the surface of a spring. Even greater success has been met with along the river. On the property of W. F. Sandway, merchant and postmaster at Ransom, a springy place near the river shows the petroleum deposit to a remarkable extent.

Mr. B. F. Antrim, the well known Pittston dry goods merchant, has taken a great interest in the matter all along, and has made a personal and exhaustive examination of the ground, and expresses himself entirely convinced of the existence of oil in the vicinity. It is needless to say that many eyes have been directed here since the report went out, and letters have been received by some of the citizens from men of means in the Bradford region asking for particulars and opinions on the prospects. There is no doubt that these parties will soon be on to examine the ground for themselves.

Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2, 1887.

We send either goods or samples if you write for what you want.

Light, graceful, poetic head and shoulder Wraps for seaside, piazza or drawing-room use. Two styles of exactly the dreamy coquettish things you'll be looking for in a few days. They're from the Reigel, Scott & Co. stock, and we want them to go before the regular importations are opened.

As useful and stylish as any we'll have; most of them as perfect. Not all. That's the trouble. A little smirch or stain on one here and there. You shall pick them out and save half or more of the jobbing price for your pains.

Silk embroidered cashmere scarfs; cardinal, blue, pink, cream, mode, $1 to $3.

Shetland shawls, cardinal, sky blue, cream, rose, gray, black, 50 cents to $2.

More light wraps near by worth your close looking at. The Silk Chenille scarfs are of forty sorts and each sort shows a new prettiness. Tasteful touches for any costume. $5, $6 and $8.

Plain cashmere shawls; cardinal, cream, blue and pink. Smooth, close fabric, very fine and soft, and the pick and choice of this season's goods. $1.25 up.

New shapes in hats and bonnets for women are coming in all the time.

Some dealers 'll tell you gray Milan goods are scarce. Think of it as you look about our tables. The goods *are* scarce, but you'd never suspect it here.

You'll stop by the new Leghorn "Flops" when you see them. You'll feel paid for stopying, even if you only look.

We're thinking of the Rough and Ready; so are you. They're beginning to crowd a little corner. They'll crowd two or three tables soon, and in a way to please you.

Trunks. Big and little. Looks like a hard job to pick out from the hundred or more you see. 'Tisn't. Settle on the size you want (28 to 36 inches), and the rest is easy.

Nothing for less than the $2 to $3.50 "patent cover," sheet-iron bound. Won't stand the banging of much hard travel, but great to stow away stuff in.

For $3.25 to $5, leather covered and sheet-iron bottomed. A better one for rough use is the Ladies' Saratoga, in five sizes, $5 to $9. Better still, stayed, strapped and don't-care-for-the-baggage-smasher look all over it, $14 to $17.

Sole leather trunks with cover $22 to $48. Steamer and basket trunks in variety.

That's a glance at them. We don't care to say that our trunks are better or sold for less than any others. But if anybody sold a better trunk for less we'd hear of it. We haven't heard of it.

French taste and neatness in all our underwear things. French needlework on many of them; these for instance:

Night dresses, French hand-embroidered shirt front, $1 and $1.50.

Chemise, circular or square neck, French hand-embroidered yoke, 85 cents to $1.50.

Skirts, extra size, French hand-embroidered, 95 cents to $7.50.

If you're a judge of such work you'll wonder at the price.

And at the price of the 55 cent muslin night dress with tucked yoke, and cambric ruffle on neck and sleeves. That's the one for least; others at 75 and 85 cents, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2. Variety of styles at each price.

Pillow-shams, imported and domestic, 90 cents to $17.50 a pair.

Blackstone Cassimeres. Maybe you don't know them by name. They are good, all-wool, neat patterns. Bought a lot of them—big lot—put them all in men's trousers. They are now on sale in our Clothing Store at $3.50.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

Chestnut, Thirteenth and Market streets, and City-hall square.

Railroads and Their Uses in Developing the Country.

The great valley lying between Nob and North mountains, embracing many townships in upper Columbia and lower Luzerne counties, is, perhaps, the most extensive one in central Pennsylvania. It stretches into a vast and extensive undulating plateau several acres of miles in length, from Orangeville north west and east containing 4 or 5 hundred square miles, sufficient for 5 or 6 thousand 50 acre farms, in which are many thriving villages, swelling a total population from 20 to 30 thousand inhabitants. It is traversed by numerous streams whose courses run in south westerly and south easterly directions, many of which have a sufficient volume of water for manufacturing and other purposes and whose sources in the main can be traced to the top of North mountain. North mountain is an elevated and immense plateau, an almost endless wilderness of a great variety of timbers whose capacity will furnish an almost inexhaustible supply of lumber. Nob mountain's sides slope up boldly and meet at the top in such a manner that it could be "saddled and straddled" all along its edge. To make this the most productive valley in the state needs but the application of lime which is the most efficient fertilizer adapted to the soil and which cannot now be procured without too great expense, having no other facilities for transportation than carting with teams and wagons, distances varying from 12 to 20 miles. Symptoms of coal have been discovered in different localities, but as no proper means for their development are at hand they will no doubt be dormant until a greater demand for that commodity will change our farming community to a mining district. The Bloomsburg & Sullivan railroad, now graded to Stillwater, and pledged to be completed and put in active operation as far as Benton by July 4th, a distance of 18 miles, connecting Bloomsburg and Bernice with many intermediate points when fully constructed. This road crosses the western portion of our valley along the banks of Fishingcreek and penetrates the forests on North mountain into Sullivan county. The above named mountains run in parallel ranges whose bases are distanced 12 to 15 miles and effectually confine the valley from easy communication with the outer world.

The Wilkesbarre & Western railway now in the course of construction and completed from Watsontown to Millville, a distance of 22 miles, seems to hesitate, and undecided which course to take from that point to enhance most the interest of that company. Several routes have been thoroughly tested but serious obstructions and other difficulties confront them at some point or other. The company are making a survey from Millville up Little Fishingcreek to intersect the old Hunlock's creek and Muncy survey, thence run on that line eastward to Harveyville, at which point is the nation famed "Bloomingdale Campmeeting Ground." It is difficult to predict the eastern terminus of the road from that point. Should the W & W. take this route, it would effectually sweep the local and passenger traffic from its western to its eastern terminous throughout the entire length and breadth of the valley and have easy and commodious access along the whole range of North mountain whose capacity for lumber will furnish half a century of busy traffic. It will also put lower Luzerne in direct communication with Wilkesbarre and secure nine tenths more local and passenger freight than the Nob mountain route would. APEX.

Mifflin.

Four of the six school directors of this township attended the directors' convention on Tuesday.

The band serenaded on Saturday eve. The town was also favored with music by a string band operated by three colored gentleman.

John Steely lost a valuable horse on Monday.

R. E. Andreas student with W. C. DeWitt at the P. R. R. depot, obtained a situation on the road Tuesday.

S. C. Huffnogle is our leading farmer.

Two new Sunday Schools were organized in this Twp. recently.

The corner stone laying for the new Reformed church will take place on the 29th inst.

H. W. Kikendall moved to Berwick on Thursday.

Chas. Wolf, J. E. Snyder and Jerre Wagner are attending court.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Shaffer of Centre visited town on Tuesday en route to Roaring Creek.

Dr. Montgomery is making improvements on his buildings by way of first class painting.

J. P. Aten, supervisor at the west end of the Twp. is removing obstructions along the highway. A long felt want.

I recommend Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy for gravel. It cured me.—S. J. McCormick, U. S. Dep. Mineral Surveyor, Bliss Station, Idaho. My head and face was a mass of putrification. Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy purified my blood and I am now well.—J. A. Parker, Sunderlinville, Pa. Price $1. Send 2-cent stamp to Dr. Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y., for book on kidney, liver and blood disorders. Mention this paper. [dapr15-4t.

MARRIED.

STACKHOUSE — LEWIS. — April 21, 1887, by Rev. C. K. Canfield, Milton E. Stackhouse, of Rohrsburg, to Stella Lewis, of Derr's, Pa.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Book cases and secretaries at Corell's 3t

You should not fail to see Clark & Son's display of 45-in. embroideries from 65c. a yard and up; also, narrow widths; also, the handsome white dress goods, a small lot of fine checks, at 14c. a yard; late prices was 20c. See them.

Don't fail to call at F. D. Dentler's and see the largest, best and finest stock of shoes ever brought to Bloomsburg, at prices to suit all.

For a nice suit of clothes go to A. M. DeWitt's, Orangeville, Pa. 2t.

We have one of the largest and best lines of embroidery in town from 4c. to $2.00 per yard at Sloan's.

The highest market prices paid for produce at DeWitt's, Orangeville, Pa. 2t.

You will find full lines of hats, bonnets, flowers, tips and ribbons, at exceedingly low prices at Clark & Son's. Call and see.

Extension dining tables, fancy work stands, hat racks and sideboards, at Corell's. 3t.

If you want parasols call and see us. The best line we have ever shown. Clark & Son.

Always remember that G. W. Bertsch, the artist tailor, is the place to get yourself a perfect fit in a Spring suit of clothing or a coat. A full and complete line just received—fresh from the city.

Cottage chamber suits, all prices, at Corell's. 3t.

DeWitt's store, at Orangeville, is well stocked with general merchandise. Go there for bargains. 2t.

Elegant new French Satines at Sloan's.

G. W. Bertsch, the clothier and furnisher, always has a full and complete line of gents' furnishing goods on hand. All the latest styles in neckwear, &c. Call and see them.

Call and see our hosiery and gloves. We can save you money. Clark & Son. Also, gauze underwear, for ladies and children.

Ladies' fine hand-turned and hand-welt shoes, very soft and comfortable, at Dentler's.

A large stock of new dry goods and notions just received at A. M. DeWitt's, Orangeville, and will be sold cheap. 2t.

Chamber suits in ash, oak, antique oak and cherry, at Corell's. 3t.

Have you tried Clark's 77 corset?

For a Spring and Summer stiff and soft hat call at G. W. Bertsch's—who has just received a full and complete line—all of the latest styles and shapes. Prices lower than ever.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BA

Street Scenes in Ceylon.

Leaving the carriage, writes a correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, we started out for a walk through the streets, which present an aspect very different from those of cities in India. Europeans, Cingalese, Tamils and Moormen all mingle together in apparent concord, and each race could easily be distinguished by manner of dress from the others. The male Cingalese is a walking curiosity in the matter of dress. In the place of trousers he wears a rectangular piece of figured stuff wrapped around his legs from his waist to his ankles—wrapped so tight as to make it impossible for him to take any but short, mincing steps. With this he also wears a short, neat jacket of dark cloth. His hair, which is long and of a glossy black, he wears combed straight back and rolled up into a tight roll on the back of his head, with this roll kept in place by a large, high tortoise-shell comb. As a general rule he also wears earrings, and, if he is young, it is not an uncommon thing for strangers to mistake him for a woman. Their women dress much in the same style, with the exception of the jackets, and it is often difficult to distinguish between the sexes.

A Bird Kills Itself.

An incident occurred in Salem yesterday which likely will not be repeated in a half dozen centuries. An English sparrow was building a nest in the porch of Mr. E. A. Elbert's residence, and carried a string to the nest, and had it partially woven in, when it attempted to fly, and by some means the other end of the string became entangled around its head, and held it fast tethered by the neck. The helpless little creature became frightened and fluttered and struggled in vain to free itself. The miniature noose only closed tighter about its throat till finally it dropped dead—hung by the neck as neatly as a human hand could have done it. The incident, which probably has not a duplicate in history, recalls one of a somewhat similar character with regard to a horse. He was grazing, and had on a halter with a short rein dangling from his head. The horse's tail was short and stubby, and in throwing his head around to scare off a fly, the bridle rein got hitched over the tail. The horse finding his head fastened, became excited, gave a sudden and violent jerk of his head, which broke his neck and resulted in instant death.—*Winston (N. C.) Sentinel.*

The Phonopore.

"There seems to be no end," says the *St. Jame's Gazette*, "to the marvels of electrical science. We have long known that, inexplicable as it seemed, messages could be sent through a wire in opposite directions at the same moment. But now we have Mr. Langdon Davies utilizing for telegraphic purposes a form of electric force which can be separated almost from the ordinary electric current, and which can pass freely through insulators impassable by currents. The new instrument, termed a phonopore, can be attached to any telegraph line, as was done a day or two back in the case of a line from London Bridge to Folkestone. The result was that it was possible to send a phonoporic message over the heads, as it were, of the usual operators, who could continue all the time to work the line from either end, or at any intermediate point, and in both directions. Moreover, when the line at either end was disconnected, so that there was no closed circuit, and telegraphic messages were therefore entirely impossible, the phonopore worked as successfully as ever."

She Did Not Like Women Customers.

"I hate women customers," replied a saleswoman in a dry goods store. She had been asked plumply whether she preferred waiting on men, and this was her plump answer.

"Why do you prefer men?"

"Because they know what they want and do not care to keep you standing an hour while they fumble over and rumple up the goods on the counter. Why, only to-day I was showing a lady black stockings. Of course they were all the same size and quality, yet she dragged every pair out of that box and then wanted to see more. I handed down two more boxes, just like this one, and then she asked if we had any more. I told her no, and then she said I might wrap up one pair for her. The lady next to me made nine different sales to gentlemen while I was fooling with this one woman. I am going to try to get a place in a hardware store, or some place where women do not have to deal with women."—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

A Decision that Pension Money is Liable to Seizure as Any Other Money.

In deciding the suit of Mason C. Rhodes against Eben Rozelle, the Supreme Court settled two important questions regarding attachments of pension funds, one of which arose for the first time in Pennsylvania.

The statute provides that "no money due or to become due to any pensioner shall be liable to attachment, levy or seizure under any legal or equitable process whatever, but shall inure wholly to the benefit of such pensioner." The two questions were, whether the money was subject to seizure under any form of judicial proceeding, and whether it was liable to be taken under an attachment execution.

The Supreme Court decides both questions in the affirmative. Judge Clark says that the exemption provided by statute will only protect the fund whilst in the course of transmission to the pensioner. After that it is liable to seizure as other money."

Slightly Mixed

It was what was known as a "swell funeral", and the family florist had been given carte blanche in the matter of decorative expenditures. Accordingly, one of the pieces sent home was an elaborate "Gates Ajar." The widow and one of her friends studied the piece intently for some time, and the former who was, perhaps, not as familiar with religion or religous emblems as she might have been, was unable to decide on the spiritual significance of the piece of floral art, for she exclaimed: "It's very pretty, indeed; but I'm sure I don't know what it is meant to represent." "Why, don't you see," said the other, who was evidently a disciple of Mr. Howell's realism, "it's an open fireplace!" Alas! for the beautiful "Gates Ajar" so suddenly transformed into something diametrically opposed to its original meaning.

A new style of paving-block, for which is claimed some special advantages is composed of a hollow iron shell filled with any desired concrete, the shell being arched underneath, and for street paving are some four inches wide and from ten to twelve long.

The Laws Perfected.

The governor has already signed twenty-nine bills, and a number are yet in his hands. The following are the numbers, titles and dates of signature of those which have become laws. The numbers are those of the secretary of the commonwealth:

No. 1. File of the house, An act relative to the establishment and jurisdiction of magistrates' courts in the city of Philadelphia in compliance with the provisions of the constitution of this commonwealth. Approved February 1.

No. 2. File of the house, An act to amend an act entitled "An act to prevent the exemption of property on judgement obtained for fifty dollars or less for wages for manual labor," approved May 17, 1883, extending the amount to one hundred dollars. Approved March 4.

No. 3. File of the house, A supplement to an act entitled "An act fixing the salaries of the several state officers of the commonwealth, the number of clerks to be employed in the several departments and their compensation and providing for the incidental expenses of said department," approved May 14, 1874, increasing the salary of the deputy attorney general and providing for the number of employes in the attorney general's office. Also fixing the salary of the keeper of the Harrisburg arsenal and the salary of the six men employed at the state arsenal. Approved March 4.

4. File of the house, An act to authorize an additional law judge of the several courts of the thirty-eighth judicial district. Approved March 22.

5. File of the house, An act relating to judicial sales and the preservation of the lien of mortgages, Approved March 22.

No. 6. File of the house, An act authorizing an increase in the number of clerks employed in the office of the state treasurer and fixing the salary thereof. Approved March 25.

No. 7. File of the house, An act for the preservation of the health of female employes in manufacturing, mechanical and mercantile establishments. Approved March 22.

No. 8. File of the house, An act for the protection of livery stable keepers. Approved March 22.

No. 9. File of the house, An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of motor power companies for operating passenger railways by cables, electrical or other means. Approved March 22.

No. 10. File of the house, An act to limit the hours of labor of conductors, drivers and employes of horse, cable and electric railways. Approved March 24.

No. 11. File of the senate, An act to authorize the president judges of the several judicial districts of this commonwealth to procure the assistance of president or additional law judges of another district in the transaction of business in the several courts of such district. Approved March 24.

No. 12. File of the house, An act to fix the fees of sheriffs in counties containing over 300,000 inhabitants and of those performing duties under them and the manner of collecting and paving the same. Approved April 1.

No. 13. File of the house, An act to amend an act entitled an act "to authorize the printing and binding of the reports of the state board of agriculture and other state agricultural reports." Approved April 1.

No. 14. File of the house, An act granting consent of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the United States for the purchase of certain lands in the township of Middlesex, county of Cumberland, to be used for the instruction in agriculture of the pupils of the Carlisle Indian industrial school. Approved April 6.

No. 15. File of the senate, An act supplementary to an act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this commonwealth, approved June 1, A. D. 1885, suspending the operation of section 3 of article 12 of said act until the expiration of sixty days from the first Monday of April, A. D. 1887; also suspending the operation of part of section 1, article 3 of the same for sixty days from said first Monday in April, and exempting at all times hereafter the subordinate officers, clerks and employes of the department of city treasurer and receiver of taxes from the operation of said section 3 of article 12, and vesting the power of appointment and removal of said subordinate officers, clerks and employes exclusive at all times hereafter of the city treasurer and receiver of taxes respectively. Approved April 6.

No. 16. File of the house, An act authorizing and requiring boards of school directors and controllers to pay the teachers employed in the public schools of the several districts for attendance upon the sessions of the annual county institutes in their respective counties. Approved April 13.

No. 17. File of the house, An act relative to sales by sample. Approved April 13.

No. 18. File of the house, An act for the establishment of a uniform standard of time throughout the commonwealth. Approved April 13.

No. 19. File of the house, An act to amend the fifth section of an act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphan's court and to establish a separate court in and for counties having more than 150,000 inhabitants, and to provide for the election thereof, approved May 19, A. D. 1874, as to appointment of assistant clerks of the said court and fixing the salaries of the same. Approved April 13.

No. 20. File of the senate, An act to provide for the organization, discipline and regulation of the national guard of Pennsylvania. Approved April 13.

No. 21. File of the house, An act to make an appropriation to the centennial and memorial association of Valley Forge. Approved April 13.

No. 22. File of the house, An act relating to the mode of inheriting from, through or by a child or children adopted according to law and being a supplement to an act entitled "An act relating to certain duties of husband and wife and parents and children" approved the fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five. Approved April 13.

No. 23. File of the house, An act to repeal section 11 of an act entitled "an act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Adams," approved March 24, 1817, so far as relates to the compensation of the directors of the poor of said county. Approved April 13.

No. 24. File of the senate, An act to repeal an act entitled "an act relative to public roads in Luzerne township, Fayette county, Pennsylvania," approved March 18, 1869, so far as the same relates to the township of Luzerne, in said county. Approved April 13.

No 25. File of the house, An act to regulate the publication, binding and distribution of the public documents of this commonwealth. Approved April 16.

No. 26. File of the senate, An act providing for the appointment of the appraiser of mercantile and other licenses and authorizing and requiring the publication of the same. Approved April 20.

No. 27. File of the senate, An act relating to the collection of debts due by boroughs in the several counties of this commonwealth. Approved April 22.

No. 28. File of the senate, A supplement to an act entitled "An act to establish an insurance department," approved the 4th day of April, 1873, providing for the further regulation of foreign insurance companies and relating to agents and others doing business with unauthorized insurance companies and defining penalties therefor. Approved April 26.

No. 29. File of the house, A supplement to an act entitled "An act to provide for the payment of existing orders drawn by the military boards of the several counties of this commonwealth approved the 25th day of May, A. D. 1878. Approved April 26.

Being a Boy.

There is nothing in the world of which a boy is so proud as of the fact that he is a boy. He doesn't despise girls, but he pities them heartily. No one has better told the story of boyhood than Charles Dudley Warner. You will all own the truth of what he says:

One of the best things in the world to be is a boy. It requires no experience, though it needs some practice to be a good one. The disadvantage of the position is that it does not last long enough. It is soon over. Just as you get used to being a boy, you have to be something else, with a good deal more work to do, and not half so much fun. And yet every boy is anxious to be a man, and is very uneasy with the restrictions that are put upon him as a boy.

There are so many bright spots in the life of a farm boy that I sometimes think I should like to live the life over again. I should almost be willing to be a girl if it were not for the chores. There is a great comfort to a boy in the amount of work he can get rid of doing. It is sometimes astonishing how slow he can go on an errand. Perhaps he couldn't explain himself why, when he is sent to a neighbor's after yeast, he stops to stone the frogs. He is not exactly cruel, but he wants to see if he can hit 'em. It is a curious fact about boys that two will be a great deal slower in doing anything than one. Boys have a great power of helping each other do nothing.

But, say what you will about the general usefulness of boys, a farm without a boy would very soon come to grief. He is always in demand. In the first place, he is to do all the errands, go to the store, the postoffice, and to carry all sorts of messages. He would like to have as many legs as a wheel has spokes, and rotate about in the same way. This he sometimes tries to do, and people who have seen him "turning cart wheels" along the side of the road have supposed that he was amusing himself and idling his time. He was only trying to invent a new mode of locomotion, so that he could economize his legs and do his errands with greater dispatch. Leap frog is one of his methods of getting over the ground quickly. He has a natural genius for combining pleasure with business.—*Ex.*

Her Name Was Hannah.

She was a tall, solemn-faced woman of fifty, and she stood on the mark with folded arms and solemnly said:

"The wicked flee when no man pursueth, but the righteous are as bold as a lion."

His Honor was looking at the warrant and made no reply.

"The wicked tread the straight and narrow path down to destruction," she continued.

No reply.

"But the good go up higher and higher."

"What's your name?" asked His Honor, as he looked up.

"Hannah."

"Anything else?"

"Just plain Hannah, and on the road to the better land."

"Oh, you are? Did you take a drink to help you along?"

"I never drink, and I am one of the lambs of the flock."

"Officer, how was it?"

"I found her on Monroe avenue haranguing a crowd, sir, and she was intoxicated. They were having great sport with her. Here is a bottle I took from her."

"For the wind bloweth where it listeth," observed the woman, as she looked more solemn than ever.

"If that isn't whiskey in that bottle I'll resign the bench to-morrow!" exclaimed His Honor, as he snuffed at it and then took a sip.

"I'm the food of the life," remarked Hannah.

"Look here, woman," said the Court, "you've got Salvation Army, bad whisky, oratory and temperance work all mixed up, and you are here as the result. Will you drop your nonsense and behave yourself in the future?"

"I will."

"Then you may go. If you have any mission at all it is to take care of your home and be a wife to your husband. Next time you come here I shall make it at least sixty days."—*Detroit Free Press.*

How the Japs Measure Time.

A party of Americans, describing a shopping tour while recently in Japan, refer among other things to the clocks shown them. Some were constructed on American models, while others were fashioned upon principles peculiarly Japanese, and supposed to be more convenient for the registration of their singular time. The twenty four hours are divided in Japan into twelve periods of time, six of which are appropriated to darkness and six to the light. The day being calculated from sunrise to sunset, there is a necessary variation in the length of the six day and six night hours, the latter being the longest in Winter, the former in Summer. The clocks are altered periodically to suit the seasons of the year.—*Jewelers' Weekly.*

An "impressionist" sent in a "sunset" picture to the Royal academy. He carefully marked on the back of the frame which was the right side up; but he added in a polite note: "Should my work be placed upon your walls upside down, please catalogue it as a sunrise."

"Mother, will you lend me your hair switch?" "Why, what in the world can you want with it, Harry?" "O, some of us boys are going to have a show, and I'm going to be Buffalo Bill and scalp Indians."—*Harper's Young People.*

A Hideous Museum.

Among the numerous collectors of curiosities of every kind who abound in Paris, there is one wealthy virtuoso who amuses himself by collecting deaths'-heads and skeletons fanastically carved or modeled in marble, earthenware, wood or precious stones. These he has gathered together in a kind of museum of death, which at first sight seems hideous and "macabre," but on closer inspection proves highly interesting. Some of the heads have been detached from these old mediæval rosary-beads which were usually ornamented on one side, with the profile of a king or a saint, and on the other with the grinning face of a skeleton engaged in taking from off his bones the "conquer worms" which have been claiming him as their own. The collector has given a lugubrious reality to the objects in his museum by placing here and there among them the skulls of dead women.—*Paris Cor. London Telegraph.*

A man in Lancaster county, Pa., fired from his wagon into a flock of birds while driving home one afternoon recently, and ever since his horse has been deaf from the effects of the shock given him by the report of the gun.

KASKINE.

(THE NEW QUININE.)

NO BAD EFFECT.
NO HEADACHE.
NO NAUSEA.
No RINGING EARS
CURES QUICKLY.
PLEASANT, PURE.

A POWERFUL TONIC

that the most delicate stomach will bear.

A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

and all Germ Diseases.

FOR COLDS KASKINE HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE ALMOST A SPECIFIC. Superior to quinine.

Bellevue Hospital, N. Y., "Universally successful."

Mr F. A. Miller, 620 East 157th street, New York, was cured by Kaskine of extreme malarial prostration after seven years suffering. He had run down from 175 pounds to 97, began on Kaskine in June, 1886, went to work in one month, regained his full weight in six months. Quinine did him no good whatever.

Mr. Charles Baxter, architect, 133 East 126th St., New York, was cured by Kaskine of dumb ague in three months after quinine treatment for ten years.

Mrs. J. Lawson, 141 Bergen street, Brooklyn, was cured of malaria and nervous dyspepsia of many years standing by Kaskine, the quinine treatment having wholly failed.

Rev. James L. Hall, Chaplain Albany Penitentiary, writes that Kaskine has cured his wife, after twenty years suffering from malaria and nervous dyspepsia. Write him for particulars.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details, will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1.00 per bottle.

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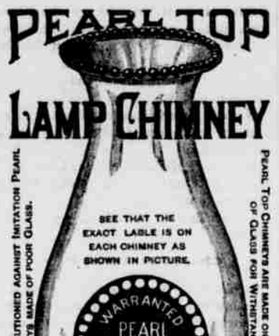
Pearl Top Chimneys are Cautioned against Imitation Pearl Top Chimneys made of poor Glass.
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☞ Look for the hop-vine wreath and signature of HOP PLASTER CO., on every genuine plaster. Beware of imitations and substitutions.

nov 26 86 1y.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
p.m.	p.m.	a.m		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	....Scranton....	6 10	9 15	2 00
8 54	12 26	8 26	....Bellevue....	6 15	9 20	2 10
8 48	12 22	8 22	....Taylorville..	6 20	9 26	2 15
8 40	12 15	8 16	..Lackawanna..	6 27	9 34	2 22
8 33	12 08	8 10	...Pittston...	6 34	9 41	2 30
8 27	12 03	8 03	..West Pittston.	6 40	9 47	2 36
8 22	11 58	7 58	....Wyoming....	6 45	9 52	2 41
8 17	11 54	7 54	.....Maltby.....	6 49	9 56	2 44
8 12	11 50	7 50	...Exhenda by...	6 53	10 00	2 47
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 08	11 47	7 47	....Kingston....	6 58	10 05	2 50
8 03	11 42	7 42	Plymouth Junc	7 02	10 10	2 55
7 58	11 38	7 38	....Plymouth....	7 07	10 15	2 59
7 54	11 34	7 34	....Avondale....	7 12	10 20	3 05
7 50	11 30	7 30	.....Nanticoke....	7 15	10 25	3 10
7 43	11 23	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32	3 17
7 38	11 19	7 19	...Shickshinny...	7 30	10 43	3 30
7 18	11 00	7 00	....Hick's Ferry....	7 50	11 13	3 52
7 11	10 54	6 54	...Beach Haven...	7 57	11 06	3 58
7 05	10 47	6 47	.....Berwick.....	8 04	11 13	4 12
6 58	10 43	6 43	...Briar Creek...	8 08	11 17	4 16
6 54	10 38	6 38	..Willow Grove..	8 14	11 23	4 16
6 50	10 34	6 34	....Lime Ridge....	8 18	11 28	4 20
6 42	10 27	6 27	.....Espy.....	8 25	11 36	4 27
6 36	10 21	6 21	....Bloomsburg....	8 30	11 43	4 34
6 30	10 16	6 16	.....Rupert.....	8 36	11 50	4 40
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawi'a Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 46
6 08	9 56	5 56	....Danville....	8 58	12 13	5 04
5 55	9 49	5 49	....Mulberry....	9 10	12 20	5 12
5 55	9 45	5 45	.....Cameron.....	9 08	12 25	5 17
5 40	9 32	5 22	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 182

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Jan. 30, 1887. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD,

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 5.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 3.10 p. m.; Washington, 3.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.43 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 7.45 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.45 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.; New York 7.10 a. m. Baltimore, 4.55 a. m.; Washington 6.05 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run; on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

2.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m. New York, 11.30 a. m.; Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.30 a. m. through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.10 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman Palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.53—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

12.32 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

3.33 p. m. Fast Line (drily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Watkins and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.33 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate station.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.33 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.53 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 12.55 p. m. with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.25 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., daily except Saturday, arriving at Sunbury 5.10 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 9.35 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.46 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.35 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.36 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.55 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.25 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 11.34 a. m., Sunbury 12.45 p. m

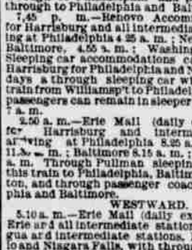
Express West leaves Wilkes-barre 2.50 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.19 p. m., Sunbury 5.10 p. m

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 9.35 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.46 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.45 a. m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.10 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.39 p. m., Sunbury, 7.30 p. m.

CHAS. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent



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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

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ANY ORDER FOR FESTIVALS will be SUPPLIED WITH THE LOWEST **Market Prices,** AS FOLLOWS:

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PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY.

DISTILLED from selected Barley Malt and guaranteed to be chemically pure and free from injurious oils and acids often contained in alcoholic liquors. It is especially adapted to persons requiring a stimulating tonic, Consumptives being greatly benefitted by its use. Recommended by leading physicians as a Nutritive, Nervine, Tonic and Alterative. For Consumptives it is invaluable. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY insures a return of vigor to the stomach, a good appetite, a rich and abundant blood and increased flesh and muscular tissue. A stimulant mild and gentle in effect. Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all wasting diseases can be certainly conquered by the use of Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. It is a tonic and diuretic and a powerful strengthener to the entire system. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY has proved a medicinal protection to those who pursue their avocations in the open air and whose daily work calls in exceptional powers of endurance. Ask your nearest druggist or grocer for or see PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY Revives the energies of those worn out with excessive bodily or mental effort and acts as a safeguard against exposure in wet and rigorous weather. It will drive all malarious diseases from the system. Hard workers of every vocation and persons whom a sedentary life renders prone to Dyspepsia find in Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey a powerful invigorant and helper to digestion. PERRINE'S PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY increases their flagging activity without unduly stimulating the kidneys. It entirely frees from fossil oil, fortifies, counteracts the effects of fatigue, hastens convalescence and is a wholesome and prompt diuretic. Watch the label! None genuine unless bearing the signature

The analysis as it appears by the Label on every bottle: I have carefully analyzed the PURE BARLEY MALT WHISKEY made by M. & J. S. Perrine and find it to be entirely free from fusel oil, furfurol, metals and acids and in all respects pure."—*Signed, Camillo Arthur Mate, Graduate of the Universities of Munich, Geneva and Wiesbaden*

M. & J. S. Perrine

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FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS AND ALL DEALERS. Jan 8m

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